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Dear Mr. Lancetti,

.....
With reference to the forthcoming Voorburg Group meeting in Helsinki, I am
sending you the enclosed paper on international trade in services to be
discussed in Session 8.

Sincerely yours,

W. Tislenkoff
Senior Statistical Officer
Statistics and Information
Systems Division

Mr. Marco Lancetti
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VOORBURG GROUP ON SERVICE STATISTICS

Sixth Meeting

Helsinki, 7-11 October 1991

International Trade in Services

Wladimir Tislenkoff

GATT Secretariat

The views expressed in this paper are those of the author and not necessarily of the GATT Secretariat.

I would like to thank Bernard Hoekman, Jean-Maurice Léger, and Nicolas Valsamidis for their comments, as well as Mario Marconini for his contribution to the drafting of the section on negotiations.

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I. Introduction

In the paper presented at the fourth meeting of the Voorburg Group on Service Statistics, Mr. B.M. Hoekman described the needs of the negotiators engaged in GATT's negotiations on services in the framework of the Uruguay Round. He concluded that of all the issues pertaining to services statistics, those relating to classification, consistency and coverage, trade by origin and destination as well as sales by affiliates, were those accorded the highest priority. Whereas major improvements on these issues cannot be expected during the present round of negotiations, "... one major need from a negotiating perspective has already been met: the availability of a classification of a universe of service products (the CPC)¹". Among the shortcomings in the field of service statistics, the lack of trade data on a volume basis had been mentioned. One year later, B.M. Hoekman and G. Karsenty published a paper which described the newly developed GATT Data Base on Services (GEBS), in terms of available data and the various sources of information at disposal². The conclusion was that "... IMF data may accurately reflect what is currently available; and that it may be productive to attempt to use national and sectoral sources to further disaggregate the IMF statistics", but also that "... a great deal of work needs to be done to improve existing data on services trade, employment and production".

¹B.M. Hoekman, Statistics on Services: User Needs Emerging from the Uruguay Round Negotiations on Services, August 1989.

²B.M. Hoekman and G. Karsenty, Statistics on Services and Multilateral Negotiations: A Review of the Available Data, September 1990.

This paper begins with a brief update of developments in the GATT Data Base on Services (GDBS). It then presents some statistics on prices of trade in services as derived from information on trade in goods and services. Finally, it gives some information on the present state of the Group of Negotiations on Services (GNS).

II. The GATT Data Base on Services

As mentioned earlier, a data base containing statistics on services has been set up in the GATT Secretariat. There has been no extension in country coverage nor in the number of series since last year. Most of the work was directed towards the updating of the time series and the development of additional tools for data manipulation and presentation. The updated coverage of the trade statistics available in the data base is reported in Annex I. As far as the Secretariat's intention to collect information concerning the geographical distribution of trade in services, mentioned last year, little has been done mainly due to the still limited number of countries reporting such data.

III. GATT Estimates of World Trade in Commercial Services

In recent years services have become an important item on both national and international policy agendas. Having recognized this, the GATT Secretariat began estimating the world trade in commercial services and published the figures for the first time in 1989. The estimates are based on international service transactions compiled by the International Monetary Fund using a classification system recommended in its Balance of Payments Manual (1977), and stored in the above-mentioned GATT Data Base on

Services. There is no international agreement on the definition of traded services. The following definitions are used throughout the Secretariat annual reports:

- Commercial Services: transportation, travel, other private services and income.
 - Transportation: shipment (freight, insurance and other distributive services); passenger services (passenger fares and related payments); port services, etc. (goods and services procured by carriers at port, and fees for charters of carriers).
 - Travel: goods and services (other than passenger services) acquired by travellers, defined as persons staying for less than one year in an economy of which they are not a resident.
 - Other private services and income: other private services, n.i.e. (communications, including telecommunications, advertising, non-merchandise insurance, brokerage and banking services, management, leasing, subscriptions to periodicals, processing and repair, merchanting, and professional and technical services); labour income, n.i.e. (wages and salaries earned by persons in an economy other than the one in which they reside by working for a resident of that economy); property income, n.i.e. (royalties and licence fees)³.

³For further discussion on concepts, methods and definitions, as well as for statistical information on the transaction structure and geographical breakdown of world trade in commercial services, please refer to Volume I of GATT, International Trade 88-89 and International Trade 89-90.

The latest estimates of world trade in commercial services, as published in the GATT Press Release of 19 March 1991, show an amount of \$770 billion for 1990, an increase of 12 percent over the preceding year.

IV. Structure and Evolution of Trade in Value and Volume of Services and their Components

a) The Scope of the Study

Considerable efforts have been made within national institutions and by international organizations towards the establishment of a set of concepts and methods to measure and compare inter-country flows of services. Tangible results begin to show, notably in the form of statistical time series broken down by category (see, for instance, the documents prepared by Mr. E. Veil⁴ and Mme M.P. Benassi⁵). In the Eurostat document a number of adjustments and estimations have been made in order to make possible inter-country comparison at category level. All such statistical compendiums however, deal with values. The assessment of trends in international trade in services requires the breakdown of current values into the price and volume components. Only a few countries have so far undertaken such a task as regards their international service transactions; as far as I know, the United Kingdom and Australia provide the price/volume split. The only information on volume and prices, on a comparable basis and

⁴OECD, OECD Countries' International Trade in Services, 1970-1987, Paris 1989.

⁵Eurostat, Echanges internationaux de services, EUR12, de 1979 à 1988, Luxembourg 1991.

in an easy-to-use format, covers total trade in goods and services and has been published by the OECD in the National Accounts Volumes I and II.

The following pages will be limited to some general findings on price indices for total services as derived from the goods and services account. The purpose of the exercise is to draw attention to some statistical discrepancies as evidenced in the tables included in Annex II. Only price indices have been calculated for the following two reasons: first, since price indices are used to deflate values in order to arrive at volume (constant price) indices, any statistical factor underpinning the calculations of the price indices is passed over to the volume indices; second, the volume indices are believed to be more sensitive to economic factors than are the price indices. Finally, to avoid any unnecessary multiplication of examples, only eight countries have been examined⁶.

b) Constant Price Indicators: The Case of Services

"Few statistics have such a key role to play in the formulation and assessment of economic policy as the rate of economic growth⁷". This is the first statement made by T.P. Hill in the Introduction to his study. Calculating indices and percentage changes is one of the major activities of national and international statistical organizations. These indicators are intended to measure the overall and sectoral performance of the economy. They are used to determine the improvement (or the degradation)

⁶These countries are: Canada, France, Germany, Japan, Norway, Spain, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

⁷T.P. Hill, The Measurement of Real Product, OECD, 1974.

of the standard of living of a country's population and to compare it with that of other countries. Furthermore, to measure real economic growth, all transactions have to be calculated at constant prices. To make comparisons between countries possible, a number of conventional aggregates have been developed and standardised in the United Nations' System of National Accounts (SNA). However, adherence to the SNA merely ensures that only the current price data are comparable among countries. There are no well-defined directives in the SNA on what the constant price data are supposed to measure or how these constant price indicators should be calculated. The existence of an agreement on a set of concepts and definitions at current prices does not imply that the comparability at constant prices is secured. In fact, differences in data availability among countries together with non-standard methods of measurement at constant prices aggravate considerably the problems of data comparability.

For many industries, and especially for the service industries, the physical units of output to which the prices refer cannot be properly defined and/or are continually changing. Thus, measurement at constant prices poses many practical problems which can only be resolved by arbitrary decisions on the part of the statisticians⁸.

With the development of service industries and their increasing share in GNP, more attention has been paid to the statistical methods underlying the calculation of the different indices.

⁸See T.P. Hill, op.cit.

A number of studies have been undertaken in this field and most of them conclude that a lot of work has yet to be done to arrive at a satisfactory way to calculate indices at constant prices. In 1985 the OECD carried out a survey of the methods used by member countries to estimate value-added at constant prices for service activities. The results were summarized in the OECD publication "Measurement of Value Added at Constant Prices in Service Activities". In 1988, the UNSO circulated a questionnaire among national statistical offices requesting information on practices and views with respect to methodological problems in the field of quantity and price indices on services. At the end of the year, the preliminary conclusions were made public in a paper entitled "General Methodological Problems of the Quantity and Price Indices of Services". Looking at the countries' replies to the questionnaire, what is most striking at the outset is the number of different methods used to calculate indices at constant prices. In its Draft Questionnaire⁹, the OECD identified as many as thirteen different methods and provision is made for a fourteenth residual category to classify other approaches which do not fit the previously defined groups. Although many countries apply the same method or combination of methods to calculate constant price indices for a given service activity, it remains that any country-to-country comparison is highly hazardous.

This being said, I undertook to show the kind of information a non-expert user of service statistics could draw from published time series.

⁹ OECD, Draft Questionnaire on the Measurement of Value Added at Constant Prices in Services Activities, Paris, June 1991.

Since trade in services covers mainly non-factor services, one would reasonably expect that constant price estimates for these flows would be more accurate (or less inaccurate) than constant price estimates for the factor service components of the GDP.

Information on external transactions in goods and services can be found in the following publications:

- i) The OECD, National Accounts, Main Aggregates, Volume I, gives data on exports and imports of goods and services in values (in national currencies and US dollars), volume and price indices (in national currencies).
- ii) The OECD, National Accounts, Detailed Tables, Volume II, gives value figures (in national currencies) for exports and imports of goods and services and merchandise.
- iii) The OECD, Historical Statistics, provides data on volume and implicit price index of exports and imports of goods and services as well as on volume and average value of exports and imports of goods.
- iv) The IMF, International Financial Statistics, gives the value of exports and imports of goods and services and the volume and price indices of merchandise trade.

With that information it seems feasible to calculate price indices for trade in services. These calculations suggest that the movements of the

derived price indicators for trade in services do not reflect the price movements of services observed elsewhere.

c) Deriving Price Indices for Services from Goods and Services

Price Indices

Exports and imports of goods and services as defined in the present SNA are taken from the external transaction account. As such, exports of goods and services constitute a component of final demand, whereas imports are a source of supply of goods and services. Needless to say, due to differences in concepts and definitions, the data on trade in goods and services taken from The National Accounts differ from those taken from the Balance of Payments account. Accordingly, the services part of the OECD external transaction account is somewhat different from the GATT's concept of "Commercial Services".

All calculations are based on data in national currencies. As a first step, current values of exports and imports of goods and services are extracted from the OECD and the IMF and compared. The same is done for merchandise, as well as for services calculated using the total for goods and services and deducting the merchandise trade figures.

As may be seen in Table A of Annex II, there are substantial differences between OECD and IMF figures, especially for services. This is mainly due to differences in definitions and methods used to compile the data. In the case of Japan's trade in services for 1989, the IMF figures exceed those of OECD by more than 12400 billions of yen (\$90 billion) for exports and by some 10100 billions of yen (\$73.5 billion) for imports. This is due to the

inclusion, by the IMF, of factor income and payments. For the same reason, the German values for exports and imports of services differ by 84.5 billions of Deutsche Mark (\$45 billion), and 70 billions of Deutsche Mark (\$37 billion) respectively. Substantial although relatively less important differences in trade in services are also found for the United States. For France, Norway and Spain as well as for imports into Canada and the United Kingdom, differences between the OECD and IMF figures for trade in services stem mainly from differences in data on merchandise trade.

Table B shows the price indices for total goods and services, for merchandise and the derived price indices for services. Price indices for goods and services as well as the price indices (average values) for merchandise are taken from the OECD. The weights used to calculate the price indices for services are derived from the values given in the external transactions account of the OECD. The weighting pattern would have been somewhat different if the values had been taken from the IMF, and for some countries, derived price indices for services might be affected. Typical cases are that of France's and Spain's imports. If the IMF values are used to calculate the respective weights for merchandise and services, the French and Spanish derived indices of services imports are substantially different from those calculated using the weights based on OECD data (see corresponding charts in Annex III). This is because the share of services in France's and Spain's total imports of goods and services is relatively small compared to that of merchandise and any difference in reported values for merchandise has large repercussions on the value of services which are calculated as a residual.

As already mentioned, the United Kingdom Central Statistical Office (CSO) publishes volume and price indices for services¹⁰. Therefore it was interesting to compare the price indices derived from the OECD statistics with those published by the CSO. Additional tables and charts have been developed for the United Kingdom giving export and import values for total goods and services, merchandise and services (Table Aa) as well as corresponding price developments (Table Ba). As may be seen from Table Aa, the actual values as published by the CSO are pretty well in line with those given by the IMF and the OECD. Price indices, on the other hand, behave differently, especially for merchandise, with the result that for reasons mentioned above, the OECD derived price indices for services are substantially different from the "implied price indices" for services as published by the CSO.

d) Comparing Price Indices

The charts in Annex III depict the respective price developments for merchandise and for services as compared to the overall price development for total goods and services. For all countries under review and for both exports and imports, merchandise prices evolved over time more or less in line with prices for total goods and services. This was predictable as the merchandise weight in goods and services is predominant, ranging from roughly two-thirds in the case of Norwegian and Spanish exports, to about 90 percent in the case of Spanish imports as well as Canadian and Japanese

¹⁰United Kingdom, Central Statistical Office, United Kingdom Balance of Payments. The CSO Pink Book.

exports. Another factor is that the quality of the information on merchandise value and prices (unit-values) is better than that on the value and prices of services.

Turning to derived price indices for services, the picture is far from clear and one can only be sceptical as to the economic significance of such a statistical indicator. As already mentioned, price indices for services have been calculated as a residual item and thus, any statistical inconsistency affecting value and/or price indicators for total goods and services or merchandise flows has been passed over to services. But other statistical factors can also influence the results. These are:

- the type of methodology used to deflate values;
- the adequacy of the underlying data;
- the difficulty of specifying the unit of output;
- problems related to index construction: weights, base year, linking of indices, span of period, type of growth formula used;
- reporting, classification and calculating errors.

Price indices being directly related to values and volume (constant price) indices, economic factors affecting the flow of services in value-- and by repercussion-- in volume terms, play an important role in the measure of the overall performance of the service sector of external transaction accounts. These economic factors are numerous, and detailed analysis of them is not within the scope of this paper. It is clear however, that the number of separate factors influencing the development of trade in services is large and one could reasonably question whether trade in services growth rates are a random variable and as such whether some

probability distribution could be associated with it. No answer can be given to that question before an in-depth study is made.

Although this study is limited in scope and analytically rather superficial, as a preliminary conclusion, it might be said that without an harmonized classification, commonly agreed concepts and methods and a set of estimation procedures, any comparison between merchandise and services growth rates within a given country needs to be interpreted cautiously, whereas inter-country comparisons are hardly possible.

V. Services in the Context of the Present Round of Negotiations

The Group of Negotiations on Services (GNS) has, since the launching of the Uruguay Round in 1986, aimed at establishing an agreement to liberalize and expand trade in services while promoting economic growth and facilitating the participation of developing countries in international trade in services. In order to achieve these objectives, participating countries have agreed on a preliminary draft framework of principles and rules which should guide the liberalization of trade in services.

Alongside work on the draft framework agreement, the GNS developed and sent to Ministers in Brussels a series of draft annexes, which while forming an integral part of the agreement, were aimed to clarify the application of framework provisions with respect to certain specificities of individual services sectors. The drafts sent to Brussels included the following sectoral annexes: telecommunications services, basic telecommunications services, maritime transport services, air transport services, inland waterways transport services, road transport services, audiovisual services

and labour mobility. Though participating countries agreed on the need for an annex on financial services, no draft was sent to Brussels. It is not clear at the moment which of these sectors will be covered by an annex in the final agreement.

A third pillar of the current GNS negotiations relates to the package of initial specific commitments that will have to be negotiated among parties. Negotiations on these initial commitments have, in effect already started, as countries are beginning to submit conditional offers and place requests. Further work is still necessary, however, with respect to the guidelines according to which these negotiations should proceed.

It should be noted that the Secretariat has produced a new version of the classification of services, based on the CPC but adapted to the needs expressed by countries during the GNS negotiations. To help participants in the Voerburg Group understand the GATT approach, a tentative correspondence between the Proposed Joint OECD-Eurostat Classification and the GATT Services Classification List has been worked out (see Annex IV). The GATT List is bound to be revised in order to embody remarks and suggestions from negotiating countries and to take into account any change made to the CPC itself. Long-standing statistical problems still remain, however.

The lack of consistency and incomplete coverage of trade data in services makes cross-country comparisons difficult. Trading partners are not easy to identify, due to the non-availability of trade data by origin and destination on a comparable basis. The level of aggregation of trade statistics may make it difficult for negotiators to ascertain the value of

concessions on specific service sectors or sub-sectors. Such difficulties do much to highlight future problems in making requests and evaluating offers.

Annex I
TRADE SERIES INCLUDED IN THE GATT DATA BASE ON SERVICES - CREDIT

GATT CODE	DESCRIPTION	1965	1970	1975	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
BCX..	GOODS,SERV,INC.TOTAL	28	102	118	135	136	138	138	140	141	141	138	131	114	72
BG...	MERCHANDISE TRADE	32	106	121	138	138	140	140	142	143	143	140	133	114	22
BSTS.	SHIPMENT	33	81	89	107	107	107	109	108	108	107	104	98	91	20
BSTSF	SHIPMENT FREIGHT	22	46	48	43	43	43	42	43	43	43	41	42	40	12
BSTSI	SHIPMENT INSURANCE	13	25	28	29	29	30	28	30	28	28	28	28	26	7
BSIP.	PASSENGER	11	56	67	87	91	91	94	96	95	98	92	89	83	16
BSTO.	OTHER TRANSPORT	21	89	106	114	113	118	118	123	119	118	114	109	96	21
BSR..	TRAVEL	37	102	117	134	135	136	136	137	137	134	132	126	112	22
BID..	-DIRECT INV. INC.	14	29	38	47	50	50	53	52	55	53	49	45	44	14
BIDR.	--RE-INVLTED	3	5	11	14	16	17	17	16	17	17	17	15	14	5
BIDO.	--OTH DIRECT INV. INC.	12	29	38	45	47	47	48	47	49	48	43	40	39	14
BIO..	-OTHER INV. INC.	36	98	112	125	127	131	131	129	132	128	126	123	111	21
BIOGI	---OFF. INCL. INTER	13	58	81	109	109	113	112	111	114	109	107	105	93	14
BIOGX	---OFF. EXCL. INTER	0	3	4	4	6	4	5	4	5	5	4	5	4	3
BIOF.	--PRIVATE	12	58	73	81	83	88	89	88	90	92	90	85	77	20
BSG..	OFFICIAL TRANSACTIONS	38	100	108	110	114	116	118	119	118	117	116	112	101	21
BSL..	LABOR INCOME	10	36	46	55	55	54	59	58	58	59	59	53	50	9
BSP..	PROPERTY INCOME	2	14	21	29	30	31	31	30	30	32	31	29	30	10
BSO..	OTHER SERVICES	22	100	117	131	132	135	136	139	139	135	134	127	112	22
BSOA.	-ADVERTISING	0	2	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	0
BSOI.	-INSURANCE	10	37	45	47	46	46	47	47	45	43	43	40	37	10
BSOC.	-COMMUNIC.	2	8	9	10	10	9	9	9	9	8	9	9	10	4
BSOB.	-CONSTRUCT.	0	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	3
BSOM.	-MANAGEMENT	1	3	5	5	5	5	5	6	5	6	6	4	5	1
BSOP.	-PROCES&REP.	1	5	6	6	7	6	6	5	6	6	7	7	7	2
BSOW.	-MERCHANT.	3	8	8	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	2
BSOF.	-FEES,COM,BK.	8	21	23	23	22	22	23	22	22	23	22	19	18	4
BSOFF	-FINANCIAL FEES	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
BSOH.	-FILM RENT.	0	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
BSOT.	-TECHN,PROF.	0	1	2	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	2	2	1
BT...	TRANSFERS	39	101	113	130	131	133	133	136	137	137	135	129	113	22
BTP..	-PRIVATE TRANSFERS	21	93	108	121	120	120	124	124	123	123	119	119	105	20
BTPM.	--MIGRANTS	2	13	17	26	26	29	29	29	29	30	33	28	26	6
BTPW.	--WORKERS	5	30	40	57	58	61	63	63	62	61	60	61	54	7
BTPO.	--OTHERS	17	83	97	104	103	101	103	103	105	104	101	100	91	17
BTG..	-OFFICIAL TRANSFERS	22	87	102	119	121	125	126	130	131	126	127	120	104	17

TRADE SURPLUS INCLUDED IN THE GATT DATA BASE ON SERVICES - DEBIT

GATT CODE	DESCRIPTION	1965	1970	1975	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
BCX..	GOODS, SERV, INC. TOTAL	39	102	118	135	136	138	138	140	141	141	138	131	114	22
BG...	MERCHANDISE TRADE	40	105	120	138	138	140	140	142	143	143	140	133	114	22
BSIS.	SHIPMENT	39	104	119	136	137	139	139	140	141	140	137	130	113	22
BSTSF	SHIPMENT FREIGHT	35	64	70	61	60	60	58	59	59	58	57	56	50	13
BSTSI	SHIPMENT INSURANCE	31	58	62	52	51	52	52	52	52	51	50	49	43	9
BSTP.	PASSENGER	13	70	82	97	97	99	101	104	102	104	102	96	84	16
BSTO.	OTHER TRANSPORT	20	80	98	111	111	113	112	112	111	108	105	103	94	19
BSR..	TRAVEL	40	105	117	133	134	136	136	137	138	135	134	127	111	22
BIG..	-OFFICIAL TRANSFERS	19	87	95	93	97	103	101	102	105	101	100	99	85	16
BID..	-DIRECT INV. INC.	37	88	95	93	92	96	95	97	97	96	97	92	82	18
BIDR.	--RE-INVESTED	12	40	48	49	48	50	53	52	51	50	47	45	40	10
BIDO.	--OTH DIRECT INV. INC.	31	87	93	92	91	94	91	93	94	93	92	87	79	18
BIO..	-OTHER INV. INC.	41	100	113	129	131	135	135	137	138	137	135	129	115	22
BIOGI	---OFF. INCL. INTER	14	69	85	116	117	121	121	123	123	122	123	117	102	17
BIOGX	---OFF. EXCL. INTER	1	4	11	11	12	13	11	11	11	9	10	10	8	3
BIOPI	--PRIVATE	12	63	80	89	93	97	98	98	99	97	96	93	86	20
OSG..	OFFICIAL TRANSACTIONS	38	101	110	114	115	119	120	122	123	122	120	116	100	22
BSL..	LABOR INCOME	10	26	36	56	57	60	60	60	60	66	63	57	52	12
BSP..	PROPERTY INCOME	3	23	35	51	52	53	53	52	51	52	51	48	44	14
BSO..	OTHER SERVICES	22	100	116	135	136	138	138	139	140	139	137	131	113	22
BSOA.	-ADVERTISING	0	3	5	6	6	5	5	5	5	6	6	5	5	0
BSOI.	-INSURANCE	13	55	60	60	58	58	57	55	56	55	54	50	47	8
BSOC.	-COMMUNIC.	2	9	10	8	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	2
BSOB.	-CONSTRUCT.	0	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	2
BSOL.	-LEAS&RENT.	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	0
BSOM.	-MANAGEMENT	2	7	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	6	1
BSOP.	-PROCES&REP.	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1
BSOF.	-FEES, COM, BK.	4	15	16	18	18	18	18	18	18	19	18	16	16	3
BSOFF	-FINANCIAL FEES	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
BSOH.	-FILM RENT.	3	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	10	8	8	1
BSOT.	-TECHN, PROF.	0	4	7	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	6	2
BSOG.	-AGR. & MINING	0	5	7	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	2
BT...	TRANSFERS	36	97	113	127	128	131	129	130	132	129	129	121	109	20
BIP..	-PRIVATE TRANSFERS	20	92	105	119	121	124	122	121	125	122	123	115	103	17
BTPH.	--MIGRANTS	3	18	30	37	37	42	43	40	43	40	39	37	32	7
BTPW.	--WORKERS	0	36	45	60	61	67	68	66	68	65	65	60	51	6
BTPD.	--OTHERS	16	79	87	96	96	98	95	94	98	95	96	90	84	16

Annex II

Table A

Comparison of OECD and IMF values of merchandise and services, 1975-89

Exports of Goods and Services: CANADA
(Billion Can\$)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	39.0	39.0	0.0	34.6	34.6	0.0	4.3	4.3	0.0
1976	44.3	44.3	0.0	39.5	39.5	0.0	4.8	4.8	0.0
1977	51.2	51.2	0.0	46.0	45.9	0.0	5.2	5.2	0.0
1978	61.2	61.2	0.0	55.0	54.9	0.1	6.1	6.2	-0.1
1979	75.1	75.1	0.0	67.5	67.5	0.0	7.5	7.5	0.0
1980	87.6	87.6	0.0	78.9	78.9	0.1	8.6	8.7	-0.1
1981	96.9	96.9	0.0	86.9	86.9	0.0	9.9	9.9	0.0
1982	96.7	96.7	0.0	87.0	87.0	0.0	9.6	9.7	-0.0
1983	103.4	103.4	0.0	93.3	93.3	0.0	10.1	10.2	-0.1
1984	125.0	126.0	-1.0	114.8	114.8	0.1	10.2	11.3	-1.1
1985	134.9	135.0	-0.1	122.5	122.4	0.1	12.5	12.6	-0.1
1986	138.1	137.5	0.7	123.3	123.3	0.0	14.9	14.2	0.6
1987	144.8	144.2	0.5	129.8	129.8	0.0	15.0	14.4	0.6
1988	158.7	156.8	1.9	141.3	141.3	0.0	17.4	15.5	2.0
1989	162.9	159.4	3.5	143.2	143.2	0.0	19.7	16.2	3.5

Imports of Goods and Services: CANADA
(Billion Can\$)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	41.4	41.4	0.0	35.8	34.9	0.9	5.6	6.5	-0.9
1976	45.3	45.3	0.0	38.5	37.6	0.9	6.8	7.7	-0.9
1977	51.3	51.3	0.0	43.6	42.6	1.0	7.6	8.7	-1.0
1978	60.1	60.1	0.0	51.3	50.2	1.1	8.8	9.9	-1.1
1979	73.3	73.3	0.0	63.9	62.6	1.3	9.4	10.6	-1.3
1980	81.9	81.9	0.0	70.9	69.5	1.4	11.0	12.4	-1.4
1981	93.0	93.0	0.0	80.9	79.1	1.4	12.5	13.9	-1.4
1982	82.6	82.6	0.0	69.7	68.5	1.2	12.9	14.1	-1.2
1983	89.8	89.8	0.0	76.0	74.8	1.1	13.9	15.0	-1.1
1984	110.6	110.6	0.0	95.4	94.1	1.3	15.2	16.5	-1.3
1985	123.4	123.4	0.0	106.7	105.2	1.4	16.7	18.2	-1.4
1986	133.4	132.9	0.5	114.1	112.7	1.4	19.2	20.1	-0.9
1987	139.9	140.3	-0.4	119.2	117.8	1.4	20.7	22.5	-1.8
1988	154.3	153.8	0.5	131.7	130.4	1.3	22.6	23.4	-0.8
1989	162.5	161.8	0.7	138.6	137.2	1.4	23.9	24.5	-0.7

Table A
Comparison of OECD and IMF values of merchandise and services, 1975-89

Exports of Goods and Services: FRANCE
(Billion FF)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	279.8	279.8	0.0	226.4	213.9	12.5	53.4	65.9	-12.5
1976	333.0	333.0	0.0	271.3	257.7	13.6	61.6	75.3	-13.7
1977	392.9	392.9	0.0	315.6	300.6	15.0	74.3	92.3	-18.0
1978	445.5	445.5	0.0	355.8	336.5	19.3	89.7	109.0	-19.3
1979	526.9	526.9	0.0	425.0	401.1	23.9	102.0	125.8	-23.8
1980	604.4	604.4	0.0	486.9	454.3	32.6	115.5	150.1	-34.5
1981	714.3	714.3	0.0	576.4	548.2	28.2	137.9	166.1	-28.2
1982	790.4	790.3	0.1	631.8	601.4	30.5	158.5	188.9	-30.4
1983	900.7	900.7	0.0	720.4	683.7	36.8	180.2	217.0	-36.8
1984	1053.3	1053.3	0.0	845.2	805.9	39.4	208.1	247.4	-39.3
1985	1123.9	1123.9	0.0	901.4	861.9	39.5	222.6	262.0	-39.4
1986	1074.1	1073.7	0.4	860.3	826.7	33.6	213.8	247.0	-33.2
1987	1103.2	1103.2	0.0	886.7	851.5	35.3	216.4	251.7	-35.3
1988	1221.9	1222.0	-0.1	992.2	956.9	35.3	229.8	265.1	-35.3
1989	1425.1	1428.5	-3.4	1133.3	1093.0	40.3	291.8	335.5	-43.7

Imports of Goods and Services: FRANCE
(Billion FF)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	262.3	262.3	0.0	232.8	209.1	23.7	29.5	53.2	-23.7
1976	345.4	345.4	0.0	309.5	281.5	28.0	35.9	63.9	-28.0
1977	390.5	390.5	0.0	348.2	316.8	31.4	42.3	73.7	-31.4
1978	416.4	416.4	0.0	370.8	336.0	34.8	45.6	80.4	-34.8
1979	512.1	512.1	0.0	459.4	414.8	44.6	52.7	97.3	-44.5
1980	638.8	638.8	0.0	576.5	511.0	65.5	62.3	127.8	-65.5
1981	744.8	744.8	0.0	663.5	602.4	61.1	81.3	142.4	-61.1
1982	859.5	859.5	0.0	768.3	705.1	63.2	91.2	154.4	-63.2
1983	907.4	907.4	0.0	808.9	750.4	58.5	98.5	157.0	-58.5
1984	1025.0	1025.0	0.0	914.5	846.5	68.0	110.4	178.5	-68.1
1985	1092.6	1092.6	0.0	970.8	909.3	61.5	121.8	183.3	-61.5
1986	1021.8	1021.7	0.1	893.8	841.1	52.7	127.9	180.6	-52.6
1987	1095.0	1095.1	-0.1	952.3	903.6	48.7	142.5	191.5	-48.8
1988	1218.0	1218.0	0.0	1063.2	1005.1	58.1	154.9	212.9	-58.1
1989	1408.1	1406.3	1.8	1226.1	1159.0	67.0	182.0	247.3	-65.2

Table A

Comparison of OECD and IMF values of merchandise and services, 1975-89

Exports of Goods and Services: GERMANY
(Billion DM)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	254.7	271.3	-16.6	219.5	215.7	3.8	35.2	55.6	-20.4
1976	289.7	309.0	-19.3	251.8	247.9	3.9	37.9	61.1	-23.2
1977	306.6	325.8	-19.2	266.5	263.1	3.5	40.1	62.7	-22.6
1978	321.3	344.7	-23.4	276.4	273.3	3.2	44.8	71.4	-26.6
1979	351.1	377.5	-26.4	304.4	300.4	3.9	46.7	77.1	-30.4
1980	391.9	422.2	-30.3	339.3	333.1	6.3	52.5	89.1	-36.6
1981	445.7	482.0	-36.3	384.7	377.0	7.7	61.0	105.0	-44.0
1982	479.0	517.6	-38.6	413.3	402.4	10.9	65.7	115.2	-49.5
1983	483.8	524.8	-41.0	416.9	408.3	8.6	66.9	116.5	-49.6
1984	540.2	590.8	-50.6	467.3	459.3	8.0	72.9	131.5	-58.7
1985	593.5	647.5	-54.0	517.6	511.3	6.3	75.9	136.2	-60.3
1986	580.7	638.2	-57.5	508.1	501.7	6.4	72.6	136.5	-63.9
1987	577.3	638.7	-61.4	506.3	499.8	6.5	71.0	138.9	-67.9
1988	620.4	687.7	-67.3	547.5	541.2	6.3	72.9	146.5	-73.5
1989	699.2	778.2	-79.0	615.5	610.0	5.5	83.7	168.2	-84.5

Imports of Goods and Services: GERMANY
(Billion DM)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	227.2	241.1	-13.9	179.3	174.0	5.2	47.9	67.1	-19.2
1976	265.1	279.9	-14.8	213.2	207.6	5.7	51.8	72.3	-20.5
1977	278.9	296.6	-17.7	223.4	217.9	5.6	55.5	78.7	-23.3
1978	290.1	307.2	-17.1	229.3	224.7	4.5	60.8	82.5	-21.7
1979	344.0	366.0	-22.0	276.3	270.3	6.0	67.8	95.7	-27.9
1980	401.1	425.3	-24.2	325.1	316.9	8.2	76.0	108.4	-32.4
1981	434.6	467.0	-32.4	349.7	340.4	9.3	84.9	126.6	-41.7
1982	440.7	480.0	-39.3	354.3	342.3	11.9	86.5	137.7	-51.2
1983	451.3	486.8	-35.5	363.6	353.6	10.0	87.7	133.2	-45.5
1984	499.4	535.9	-36.5	406.7	395.8	10.9	92.7	140.1	-47.4
1985	527.1	567.3	-40.2	435.0	427.3	7.7	92.1	140.0	-47.9
1986	479.5	523.2	-43.7	389.4	380.7	8.7	90.1	142.5	-52.4
1987	475.7	526.2	-50.5	382.7	374.3	8.5	93.0	151.9	-58.9
1988	510.8	567.3	-56.5	412.7	401.8	10.9	98.1	165.5	-67.4
1989	581.5	637.6	-56.1	479.7	465.8	13.9	101.8	171.8	-70.0

Table A

Comparison of OECD and IMF values of merchandise and services, 1975-89

Exports of Goods and Services: JAPAN
(Billion Yen)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	18982	20254	-1272	16579	16220	359	2403	4034	-1631
1976	22582	23839	-1257	19800	19552	248	2782	4287	-1505
1977	24308	25561	-1253	21436	21255	181	2872	4306	-1434
1978	22729	24105	-1376	20144	20065	79	2585	4040	-1455
1979	25627	27904	-2277	22555	22159	396	3072	5745	-2673
1980	32887	35707	-2820	29022	28737	285	3865	6970	-3105
1981	37977	41814	-3837	33656	32975	681	4321	8839	-4518
1982	39391	44479	-5088	34748	34288	460	4643	10191	-5548
1983	39275	43486	-4211	34964	34551	413	4311	8935	-4624
1984	45066	50019	-4953	40381	39972	409	4685	10047	-5362
1985	48307	52076	-5769	41555	41511	44	4752	10565	-5813
1986	38090	43428	-5338	34576	34646	-70	3514	8782	-5268
1987	36210	43817	-7607	32490	32489	1	3720	11328	-7608
1988	37483	47607	-10124	33398	33290	108	4085	14317	-10232
1989	44800	57098	-12298	37308	37187	121	7492	19911	12419

Imports of Goods and Services: JAPAN
(Billion Yen)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	18919	20349	-1430	15158	14753	405	3761	5596	-1835
1976	21247	22660	-1413	17096	16645	451	4151	6015	-1864
1977	21267	22613	-1346	17104	16648	456	4163	5965	-1802
1978	19174	20460	-1306	15182	14945	237	3992	5535	-1543
1979	27629	29627	-1998	22541	21778	763	5088	7849	-2761
1980	35036	37934	-2898	29153	28254	899	5883	9680	-3797
1981	35927	40311	-4384	29500	28573	927	6427	11738	-5311
1982	37341	42361	-5020	30655	29785	870	6686	12576	-5890
1983	34258	38159	-3901	27902	27079	823	6356	11080	-4724
1984	36866	41314	-4448	30328	29460	868	6538	11854	-5316
1985	35532	40163	-4631	28856	28155	701	6676	12008	-5332
1986	24791	28900	-4109	19356	19004	352	5435	9896	-4461
1987	25195	30748	-5553	18708	18543	165	6487	12205	-5718
1988	29065	36887	-7822	21330	21115	215	7735	15772	-8037
1989	38820	48691	-9871	26850	26579	270	11970	22112	-10141

Table A

Comparison of OECD and IMF values of merchandise and services, 1975-89

Exports of Goods and Services: NORWAY
(Billion Kroner)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	62.2	62.2	0.0	38.1	38.0	0.1	24.0	24.2	-0.1
1976	70.2	70.2	0.0	43.9	43.9	0.0	26.3	26.3	0.0
1977	76.3	76.3	0.0	46.7	48.7	0.0	27.5	27.5	0.0
1978	87.2	87.2	0.0	57.9	57.8	0.0	29.4	29.4	0.0
1979	105.4	105.4	0.0	70.0	69.6	0.4	35.4	35.8	-0.4
1980	134.8	134.8	0.0	92.9	92.1	0.8	41.9	42.7	-0.8
1981	156.3	156.3	0.0	106.9	106.1	0.8	49.4	50.1	-0.8
1982	165.0	165.0	0.0	114.8	114.0	0.8	50.2	51.0	-0.8
1983	183.9	183.9	0.0	133.2	131.7	1.5	50.7	52.2	-1.5
1984	214.1	214.1	0.0	156.8	156.0	0.8	57.3	58.1	-0.8
1985	235.6	235.6	0.0	173.3	172.5	0.8	62.3	63.1	-0.8
1986	194.7	194.7	0.0	136.0	134.2	1.8	58.7	60.5	-1.8
1987	200.2	200.2	0.0	145.2	142.8	2.4	55.0	57.4	-2.4
1988	213.9	213.9	0.0	152.3	150.0	2.3	61.6	63.8	-2.3
1989	262.1	262.1	0.0	190.2	187.5	2.8	71.9	74.5	-2.8

Imports of Goods and Services: NORWAY
(Billion Kroner)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	72.1	72.1	0.0	54.4	53.0	1.4	17.8	19.1	-1.4
1976	86.4	86.4	0.0	64.7	63.3	1.4	21.7	23.1	-1.4
1977	96.8	96.8	0.0	72.0	70.3	1.7	24.8	26.5	-1.7
1978	89.1	89.1	0.0	62.0	60.5	1.5	27.1	28.6	-1.5
1979	99.2	99.2	0.0	70.4	68.9	1.6	28.7	30.3	-1.6
1980	117.4	117.4	0.0	84.5	82.7	1.8	32.8	34.6	-1.8
1981	130.5	130.5	0.0	90.5	88.7	1.8	40.0	41.7	-1.8
1982	144.5	144.5	0.0	100.5	98.6	1.9	44.1	45.9	-1.9
1983	152.0	152.0	0.0	102.5	100.0	2.5	49.5	52.0	-2.5
1984	172.9	172.9	0.0	116.5	113.9	2.6	56.3	58.9	-2.6
1985	194.6	194.6	0.0	133.9	131.8	2.1	60.7	62.8	-2.1
1986	213.0	213.0	0.0	153.1	149.8	3.3	60.0	63.2	-3.3
1987	211.4	211.4	0.0	151.0	147.9	3.1	60.4	63.5	-3.1
1988	218.0	218.0	0.0	154.6	151.0	3.6	63.4	67.0	-3.6
1989	236.1	236.1	0.0	165.4	161.5	3.9	70.7	74.5	-3.9

Table A

Comparison of OECD and IMF values of merchandise and services, 1975-89

Exports of Goods and Services: SPAIN
(Billion Pesetas)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	802	801	1	...	448	...	...	353	...
1976	980	1015	-35	...	602	...	...	413	...
1977	1312	1323	-11	...	801	...	...	522	...
1978	1682	1697	16	...	1033	...	...	664	...
1979	1941	1951	-10	...	1232	...	...	719	...
1980	2369	2410	-41	1532	1473	59	837	837	-100
1981	3026	3079	-53	1976	1936	40	1050	1143	-92
1982	3609	3672	-63	2372	2339	34	1237	1333	-96
1983	4645	4726	-81	3067	2848	219	1578	1878	-300
1984	5842	5944	-102	3936	3652	285	1906	2292	-387
1985	6407	6407	0	4296	4024	272	2111	2383	-272
1986	6406	6406	0	3958	3747	211	2448	2659	-211
1987	6969	6969	0	4306	4144	162	2663	2825	-162
1988	7594	7594	0	4816	4619	197	2778	2975	-197
1989	8304	8304	0	5344	5126	218	2960	3178	-218

Imports of Goods and Services: SPAIN
(Billion Pesetas)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	1037	1037	0	...	873	...	...	164	...
1976	1308	1306	2	...	1090	...	...	216	...
1977	1508	1517	-9	...	1271	...	...	246	...
1978	1606	1617	-11	...	1346	...	...	271	...
1979	1918	1933	-15	...	1614	...	...	319	...
1980	2733	2759	-26	2481	2314	167	252	445	-193
1981	3397	3428	-31	3046	2870	176	351	558	-207
1982	3987	4024	-37	3561	3355	206	426	669	-243
1983	4815	4860	-45	4300	3953	347	515	907	-392
1984	5314	5363	-49	4753	4338	415	560	1025	-464
1985	5860	5860	0	5205	4733	472	655	1127	-472
1986	5716	5716	0	5035	4661	375	681	1055	-375
1987	6939	6939	0	6128	5748	380	811	1191	-380
1988	8026	8026	0	7179	6716	463	847	1310	-463
1989	9638	9638	0	8579	8026	553	1059	1612	-553

Table A

Comparison of OECD and IMF values of merchandise and services, 1975-89

Exports of Goods and Services: UNITED KINGDOM
(Billion £)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	27.4	26.9	0.5	19.3	19.1	0.2	8.0	7.7	0.3
1976	35.7	35.1	0.6	25.1	24.9	0.1	10.6	10.2	0.4
1977	43.8	43.3	0.5	31.7	31.7	0.0	12.2	11.6	0.5
1978	47.9	47.5	0.5	35.0	35.0	0.0	13.0	12.5	0.5
1979	55.5	57.9	-2.4	40.5	40.5	0.0	15.0	17.3	-2.4
1980	63.3	62.8	0.5	47.1	47.1	0.0	16.1	15.7	0.4
1981	68.0	67.7	0.4	50.7	50.4	0.3	17.4	17.3	0.1
1982	73.4	72.9	0.4	55.3	55.2	0.1	18.1	17.7	0.3
1983	80.7	80.4	0.4	60.7	60.6	0.1	20.0	19.7	0.3
1984	92.7	92.2	0.5	70.3	70.0	0.3	22.4	22.2	0.2
1985	103.0	102.6	0.3	78.0	77.8	0.2	25.0	24.8	0.2
1986	99.1	98.5	0.6	72.7	72.6	0.1	26.4	25.9	0.5
1987	108.2	107.1	1.1	79.4	79.5	-0.1	28.8	27.6	1.2
1988	109.2	108.6	0.6	80.6	80.7	-0.1	28.6	27.9	0.7
1989	124.1	123.0	1.1	92.1	92.3	-0.2	32.0	30.7	1.3

Imports of Goods and Services: UNITED KINGDOM
(Billion £)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	29.2	28.8	0.4	24.2	22.4	1.8	5.0	6.4	-1.4
1976	37.0	36.8	0.2	30.8	28.8	2.0	6.2	8.0	-1.8
1977	42.2	42.6	-0.4	35.9	34.0	1.9	6.3	8.6	-2.3
1978	45.6	45.6	0.1	38.6	36.6	2.0	7.1	9.0	-1.9
1979	54.7	54.4	0.3	46.3	43.9	2.4	8.4	10.6	-2.1
1980	58.1	57.8	0.3	48.3	45.7	2.6	9.8	12.1	-2.4
1981	60.8	60.7	0.1	50.0	46.8	3.1	10.8	13.9	-3.0
1982	68.2	58.1	0.2	56.0	53.1	2.9	12.3	15.0	-2.7
1983	78.0	77.9	0.1	64.8	61.7	3.1	13.2	16.1	-3.0
1984	93.2	93.0	0.2	78.3	74.5	3.8	14.9	18.5	-3.6
1985	99.3	99.2	0.2	84.0	79.9	4.1	15.4	19.3	-4.0
1986	101.5	101.6	-0.1	84.9	81.3	3.6	16.6	20.3	-3.6
1987	112.4	112.3	0.0	93.2	90.5	2.7	19.2	21.9	-2.7
1988	125.5	125.4	0.1	104.5	101.6	3.0	21.0	23.9	-2.9
1989	142.9	142.1	0.7	118.9	115.4	3.4	24.0	26.7	-2.7

Table Aa

Comparison of OECD and CSO values of merchandise and services, 1975-89

Exports of Goods and Services: UNITED KINGDOM
(Billion £)

	Goods and Services			Goods			Services		
	OECD	CSO	OECD-CSO	OECD	CSO	OECD-CSO	OECD	CSO	OECD-CSO
1975	27.4	27.0	0.4	19.3	19.3	0.0	8.0	7.7	0.3
1976	35.7	35.2	0.5	25.1	25.2	-0.1	10.6	10.0	0.6
1977	43.8	43.4	0.4	31.7	31.8	-0.1	12.2	11.6	0.6
1978	47.9	47.5	0.4	35.0	35.0	0.0	13.0	12.5	0.5
1979	55.5	54.9	0.6	40.5	40.5	0.0	15.0	14.4	0.6
1980	63.3	62.8	0.5	47.1	47.2	-0.1	16.1	15.6	0.5
1981	68.0	67.6	0.4	50.7	50.7	0.0	17.4	16.9	0.5
1982	73.4	72.9	0.5	55.3	55.3	0.0	18.1	17.6	0.5
1983	80.7	80.3	0.4	60.7	60.7	0.0	20.0	19.6	0.4
1984	92.7	92.1	0.6	70.3	70.3	0.0	22.4	21.8	0.6
1985	103.0	102.5	0.5	78.0	78.0	0.0	25.0	24.5	0.5
1986	99.1	98.6	0.5	72.7	72.7	0.0	26.4	25.9	0.5
1987	108.2	107.6	0.6	79.4	79.5	-0.1	28.8	28.1	0.7
1988	109.2	108.6	0.6	80.6	80.8	-0.2	28.6	27.8	0.8
1989	124.1	123.4	0.7	92.1	92.8	-0.7	32.0	30.6	1.4

Imports of Goods and Services: UNITED KINGDOM
(Billion £)

	Goods and Services			Goods			Services		
	OECD	CSO	OECD-CSO	OECD	CSO	OECD-CSO	OECD	CSO	OECD-CSO
1975	29.2	29.0	0.2	21.2	22.7	1.4	5.0	6.3	-1.3
1976	37.0	36.9	0.1	30.8	29.1	1.7	6.2	7.8	-1.6
1977	42.2	42.6	-0.4	35.9	34.0	1.9	6.3	8.6	-2.3
1978	45.6	45.6	0.0	38.6	35.7	2.9	7.1	8.9	-1.8
1979	54.7	54.3	0.4	46.3	43.8	2.5	8.4	10.5	-2.1
1980	58.1	57.6	0.5	48.3	45.8	2.5	9.8	12.0	-2.2
1981	60.8	60.6	0.2	50.0	47.4	2.6	10.8	13.2	-2.4
1982	68.2	68.0	0.2	56.0	53.5	2.5	12.3	14.5	-2.2
1983	78.0	77.7	0.3	64.8	62.2	2.6	13.2	15.5	-2.3
1984	93.2	92.9	0.3	78.3	75.6	2.7	14.9	17.3	-2.4
1985	99.3	99.1	0.2	84.0	81.3	2.7	15.4	17.8	-2.4
1986	101.5	101.4	0.1	84.9	82.2	2.7	16.6	19.2	-2.6
1987	112.4	112.2	0.2	93.2	90.7	2.5	19.2	21.5	-2.3
1988	125.5	125.2	0.3	104.5	101.9	2.6	21.0	23.3	-2.3
1989	142.9	142.5	0.4	118.9	116.6	2.3	24.0	25.9	-1.9

Table A

Comparison of OECD and IMF values of merchandise and services, 1975-89

Exports of Goods and Services: UNITED STATES
(Billion dollars)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	134.9	134.1	0.8	109.4	107.1	2.3	25.5	27.0	-1.5
1976	145.2	146.2	-1.0	117.2	114.8	2.5	27.9	31.4	-3.5
1977	154.2	155.5	-1.3	122.8	120.8	2.0	31.4	34.7	-3.3
1978	180.3	181.8	-1.5	144.5	142.1	2.4	35.8	39.7	-3.9
1979	221.5	223.1	-1.6	183.0	184.5	-1.5	38.5	38.6	-0.1
1980	271.0	272.6	-1.6	224.7	224.3	0.4	46.4	48.3	-2.0
1981	290.7	292.3	-1.6	237.9	237.1	0.8	52.8	55.2	-2.4
1982	268.1	270.3	-2.2	213.6	211.2	2.4	54.5	59.1	-4.6
1983	259.9	263.8	-3.9	205.6	201.8	3.8	54.3	62.0	-7.7
1984	278.7	282.6	-3.9	223.7	219.9	3.8	55.0	62.7	-7.7
1985	276.0	281.3	-5.3	220.3	215.9	4.3	55.8	65.4	-9.6
1986	303.9	309.0	-5.1	224.0	223.4	0.6	79.9	85.6	-5.8
1987	346.5	353.5	-7.0	254.6	250.3	4.4	91.9	103.2	-11.4
1988	426.3	433.2	-6.9	321.5	320.3	1.1	104.9	112.9	-8.0
1989	484.2	491.0	-6.8	361.7	360.5	1.3	122.5	130.5	-8.0

Imports of Goods and Services: UNITED STATES
(Billion dollars)

	Goods and Services			Merchandise			Services		
	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF	OECD	IMF	OECD-IMF
1975	120.6	120.7	-0.1	99.0	98.2	0.8	21.6	22.5	-0.9
1976	148.5	148.5	0.0	124.3	124.2	0.1	24.2	24.3	-0.1
1977	179.0	179.1	-0.1	151.9	151.9	-0.1	27.2	27.2	0.0
1978	208.2	208.2	0.0	176.5	176.0	0.5	31.7	32.2	-0.5
1979	248.1	248.2	-0.1	211.9	212.0	-0.1	36.2	36.2	0.0
1980	288.1	288.1	0.0	247.5	249.8	-2.3	40.6	38.3	2.3
1981	310.5	310.5	0.0	268.5	265.1	3.4	44.1	45.4	-1.4
1982	295.1	295.2	-0.1	249.5	247.6	1.8	45.7	47.6	-1.9
1983	319.8	319.8	0.0	271.3	268.9	2.5	48.5	50.9	-2.5
1984	389.4	389.3	0.1	334.3	332.4	1.8	55.2	56.9	-1.7
1985	400.0	399.9	0.1	340.9	338.1	2.8	59.1	61.8	-2.7
1986	441.2	441.2	0.0	367.8	368.4	-0.6	73.4	72.8	0.6
1987	495.1	497.7	-2.6	412.4	409.8	2.7	82.7	87.9	-5.2
1988	537.9	540.8	-2.9	449.0	447.3	1.7	88.9	93.5	-4.6
1989	571.6	574.7	-3.1	477.2	475.3	1.9	94.4	99.4	-5.0

Table B

Comparison of the evolution of merchandise and services price indicators, 1976-89

Exports of Goods and Services: CANADA
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	2.6	1.6	10.8
1977	6.2	7.1	-1.4
1978	5.2	8.7	-25.7
1979	16.9	21.1	-20.8
1980	13.5	15.3	-11.6
1981	5.9	6.4	1.6
1982	2.0	0.5	15.9
1983	0.5	-0.1	6.3
1984	3.6	3.7	1.9
1985	1.0	0.5	6.0
1986	-2.0	-2.8	4.6
1987	1.7	1.2	6.4
1988	0.7	0.3	4.0
1989	1.9	1.4	5.5

Imports of Goods and Services: CANADA
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	0.8	1.1	-0.6
1977	11.2	12.2	5.4
1978	9.2	13.6	-16.8
1979	9.5	14.7	-25.9
1980	6.5	16.6	-58.2
1981	4.6	11.1	-37.2
1982	4.7	3.6	10.8
1983	-0.3	-1.4	5.6
1984	5.2	4.6	8.8
1985	2.7	1.7	8.9
1986	0.4	-0.3	4.6
1987	-1.7	-1.8	-1.1
1988	-2.2	-1.9	-4.2
1989	0.2	0.0	1.4

Table 5

Comparison of the evolution of merchandise and services price indicators, 1976-89

Exports of Goods and Services: FRANCE
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	9.6	9.2	11.6
1977	9.3	9.8	6.9
1978	6.4	5.1	11.3
1979	9.6	8.3	15.9
1980	12.0	9.6	22.0
1981	14.1	12.5	23.8
1982	12.8	12.9	12.3
1983	9.8	9.7	10.3
1984	9.6	8.6	13.8
1985	4.6	3.5	3.1
1986	-3.1	-4.7	3.3
1987	-0.2	-0.7	1.8
1988	2.5	3.7	-2.8
1989	5.3	5.9	3.2

Imports of Goods and Services: FRANCE
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	12.1	10.5	26.3
1977	12.1	11.6	16.3
1978	3.0	1.1	18.4
1979	11.4	11.6	9.5
1980	21.8	23.3	8.4
1981	19.4	19.2	21.1
1982	12.8	13.2	9.5
1983	8.4	8.1	11.1
1984	10.0	9.9	11.0
1985	2.4	1.3	10.8
1986	-12.3	-15.8	12.2
1987	-0.5	-1.3	5.2
1988	2.5	2.6	2.0
1989	6.6	7.1	3.2

Table B

Comparison of the evolution of merchandise and services price indicators, 1976-89

Exports of goods and Services: GERMANY
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	3.7	-2.8	46.7
1977	1.9	2.5	-2.0
1978	1.5	0.9	5.0
1979	4.8	5.3	1.2
1980	6.3	9.5	-14.3
1981	5.6	6.3	1.0
1982	3.9	4.3	1.6
1983	1.8	1.4	4.6
1984	3.4	3.5	2.7
1985	2.7	3.0	-5.7
1986	-1.6	-3.3	10.3
1987	-1.1	-2.6	9.5
1988	2.0	0.9	9.9
1989	2.5	4.5	-12.4

Imports of goods and Services: GERMANY
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	5.0	-0.5	27.8
1977	2.2	3.5	-2.8
1978	-2.2	-2.9	0.5
1979	7.9	11.3	-5.8
1980	12.3	17.0	-7.6
1981	11.6	13.8	2.6
1982	2.9	0.5	12.2
1983	0.6	-0.3	4.6
1984	4.7	5.9	-0.6
1985	2.0	2.6	-0.6
1986	-11.8	-16.0	6.4
1987	-4.6	-6.1	1.3
1988	1.4	0.9	3.6
1989	4.8	7.4	-7.2

Table 8

Comparison of the evolution of merchandise and services price indicators, 1976-89

Exports of Goods and Services: JAPAN
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	1.7	-1.3	23.4
1977	-3.6	-0.3	-28.4
1978	-5.6	-6.1	-2.0
1979	9.2	10.7	-2.1
1980	9.2	11.8	-10.2
1981	1.1	3.0	-13.6
1982	2.7	5.2	-15.6
1983	-6.8	-6.7	-7.4
1984	-2.5	-0.4	-20.5
1985	-1.9	-0.3	-16.5
1986	-13.6	-15.4	4.1
1987	-4.9	-5.8	3.3
1988	-1.6	-3.1	10.8
1989	3.6	7.3	-14.9

Imports of Goods and Services: JAPAN
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	6.0	2.6	19.4
1977	-3.8	-2.9	-7.5
1978	-14.6	-18.2	-1.1
1979	28.7	30.9	19.0
1980	38.7	40.1	31.9
1981	0.8	0.5	2.4
1982	3.5	4.4	-0.7
1983	-5.7	-9.2	9.8
1984	-3.0	-2.7	-4.4
1985	-3.2	-4.2	1.2
1986	-33.3	-36.7	-21.2
1987	-4.3	-7.7	5.3
1988	-2.5	-5.3	5.2
1989	9.8	11.9	5.1

Table 3

Comparison of the evolution of merchandise and services price indicators, 1976-89

Exports of Goods and Services: NORWAY
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	1.4	1.9	0.5
1977	5.0	6.7	2.0
1978	5.4	5.7	4.8
1979	17.8	17.2	19.1
1980	25.4	30.3	14.5
1981	14.3	16.0	10.6
1982	5.7	6.9	3.0
1983	3.7	3.2	4.9
1984	7.5	10.2	0.2
1985	3.0	4.3	-0.7
1986	-18.6	-24.8	-4.2
1987	1.6	-2.9	13.5
1988	1.3	0.0	4.6
1989	11.2	12.0	9.1

Imports of Goods and Services: NORWAY
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	6.7	6.6	6.8
1977	9.2	8.1	8.7
1978	6.5	5.2	9.5
1979	12.0	10.4	16.1
1980	14.6	12.4	20.4
1981	9.5	7.0	15.2
1982	6.8	4.7	11.7
1983	5.2	3.6	8.6
1984	3.9	3.4	4.8
1985	6.3	5.8	7.3
1986	-0.4	0.0	-1.4
1987	7.0	3.2	16.6
1988	4.9	3.1	9.2
1989	7.2	6.0	10.2

Table B

Comparison of the evolution of merchandise and services price indicators, 1976-89

Exports of Goods and Services: SPAIN
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	16.2	5.7	...
1977	19.7	17.7	...
1978	15.6	12.2	...
1979	9.3	9.5	...
1980	19.3	19.0	19.8
1981	17.9	15.1	21.2
1982	13.7	10.6	19.8
1983	16.9	15.5	17.5
1984	12.6	12.8	12.2
1985	6.7	5.6	7.0
1986	-1.3	-3.4	2.1
1987	2.7	2.5	3.1
1988	3.1	4.3	0.9
1989	4.7	4.5	5.0

Imports of Goods and Services: SPAIN
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	15.2	10.5	...
1977	22.0	18.6	...
1978	7.5	9.7	...
1979	7.3	2.7	...
1980	37.8	36.1	54.3
1981	29.7	29.0	35.7
1982	13.0	13.1	12.5
1983	21.5	21.5	21.7
1984	11.5	11.2	13.6
1985	3.8	2.4	15.3
1986	-16.3	-16.6	-14.1
1987	3.5	-3.1	27.5
1988	1.4	-1.5	26.2
1989	2.1	1.7	5.4

Table B

Comparison of the evolution of merchandise and services price indicators, 1976-89

Exports of Goods and Services: UNITED KINGDOM
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	19.8	19.7	20.2
1977	15.4	18.3	8.0
1978	7.6	9.6	2.1
1979	11.5	10.8	12.5
1980	14.2	14.3	14.0
1981	8.5	8.8	7.6
1982	6.8	7.1	5.8
1983	7.9	8.5	6.2
1984	7.7	7.4	8.6
1985	5.0	5.5	3.6
1986	-8.1	-9.7	-3.7
1987	3.3	4.0	1.2
1988	0.6	0.1	2.1
1989	8.9	7.7	12.4

Imports of Goods and Services: UNITED KINGDOM
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	21.0	22.2	15.0
1977	13.8	15.4	4.7
1978	2.9	2.8	3.7
1979	9.3	6.8	22.8
1980	10.0	10.2	9.1
1981	7.7	7.7	7.7
1982	6.9	8.4	0.0
1983	7.5	9.3	-1.1
1984	8.7	8.1	11.9
1985	4.1	3.7	6.0
1986	-4.4	-4.6	-3.4
1987	2.6	2.4	3.7
1988	-1.0	-1.1	-0.6
1989	6.4	6.8	4.3

Table Ba

Comparison of the evolution of merchandise and services price indicators, 1976-89

Exports of Goods and Services: UNITED KINGDOM (CSO data)
(Percentage change)

	Implied price of Goods and Services	Implied price of Goods	Implied price of Services
1976	19.4	18.7	22.0
1977	15.8	16.9	12.3
1978	7.6	7.6	7.3
1979	11.4	10.6	13.4
1980	14.4	15.2	12.1
1981	8.5	8.5	8.4
1982	6.9	6.2	9.1
1983	7.9	7.2	10.3
1984	7.7	7.1	9.7
1985	5.0	5.2	4.8
1986	-8.1	-10.6	-0.3
1987	3.3	3.8	1.4
1988	0.6	-0.1	4.0
1989	9.0	9.5	7.3

Imports of Goods and Services: UNITED KINGDOM (CSO data)
(Percentage change)

	Implied price of Goods and Services	Implied price of Goods	Implied price of Services
1976	21.8	21.3	24.4
1977	14.3	14.8	11.7
1978	3.1	2.8	3.5
1979	8.9	9.3	8.1
1980	10.0	10.5	8.2
1981	7.8	7.7	7.8
1982	7.0	6.8	8.1
1983	7.4	6.9	9.3
1984	6.7	9.1	7.6
1985	4.1	4.3	2.9
1986	-4.4	-5.9	3.1
1987	2.6	2.7	1.8
1988	-1.0	-1.0	-0.5
1989	6.5	6.4	6.8

Table B

Comparison of the evolution of merchandise and services price indicators, 1976-89

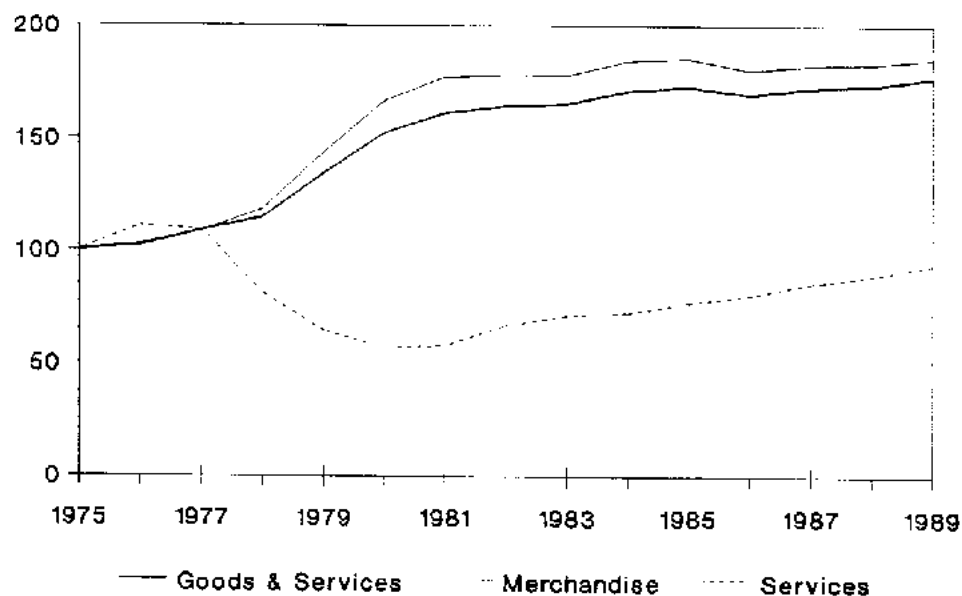
Exports of Goods and Services: UNITED STATES
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	3.6	3.3	5.0
1977	4.7	3.6	8.8
1978	6.4	7.7	1.2
1979	13.0	12.9	13.2
1980	10.4	13.8	-4.9
1981	7.7	9.2	0.7
1982	0.7	1.1	-1.0
1983	-0.3	1.0	-5.2
1984	0.7	1.4	-2.3
1985	-3.6	-0.8	-14.5
1986	-1.7	0.3	-7.3
1987	-2.1	2.1	-13.9
1988	3.6	6.9	-6.4
1989	1.6	2.6	-1.3

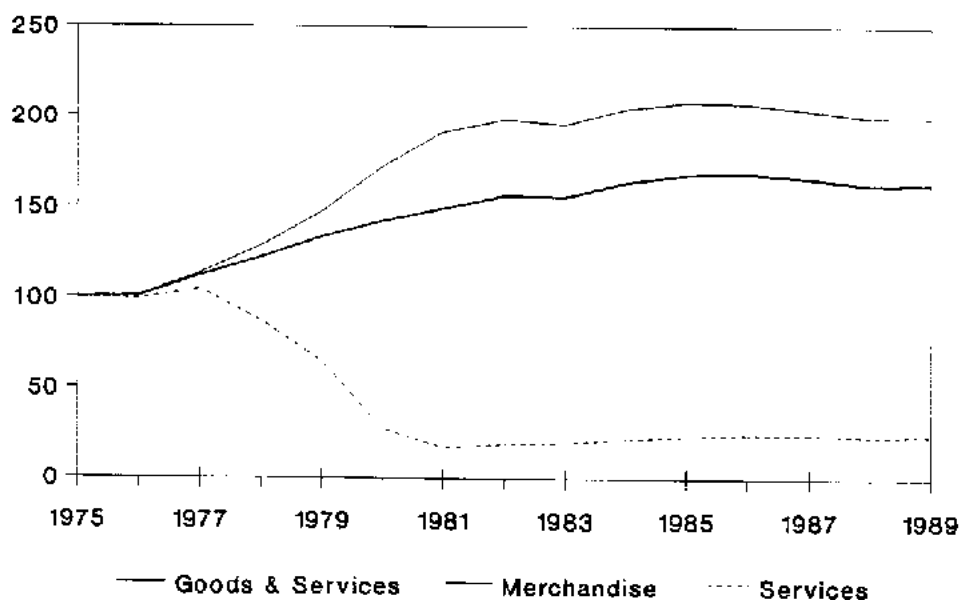
Imports of Goods and Services: UNITED STATES
(Percentage change)

	Price of Goods and Services	Price of Merchandise	Derived price of Services
1976	3.1	3.0	3.8
1977	7.8	8.2	4.1
1978	9.9	7.9	20.8
1979	17.8	19.3	9.1
1980	26.4	25.4	32.2
1981	5.3	5.5	3.8
1982	-2.8	-1.6	-0.5
1983	-3.4	-4.1	0.7
1984	-1.1	1.8	-18.4
1985	-2.2	-2.5	-0.1
1986	-0.5	-3.4	14.0
1987	3.5	6.9	-13.3
1988	3.1	5.0	-6.5
1989	0.4	3.0	-12.9

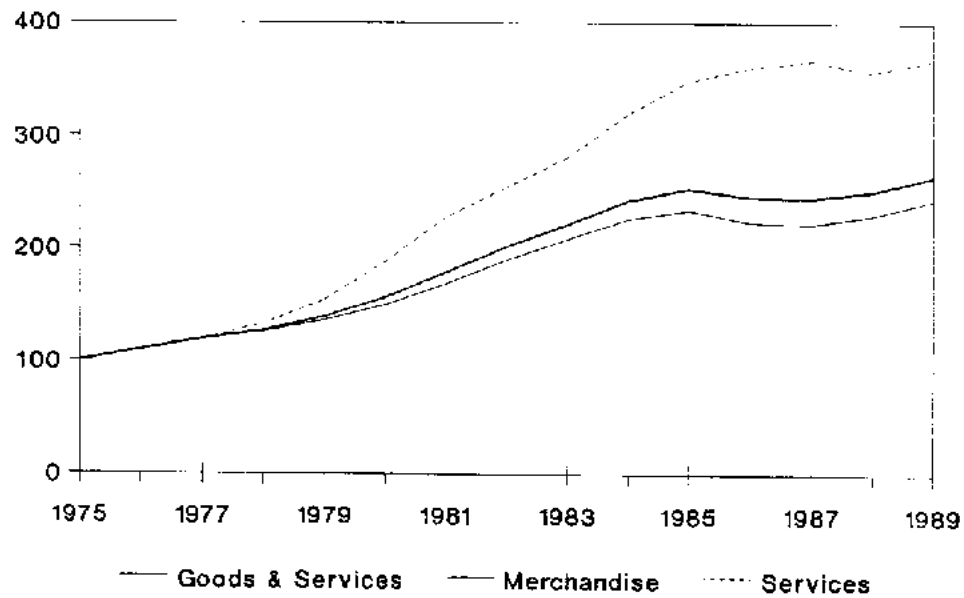
Price Indices: CANADA Exports (1975=100)



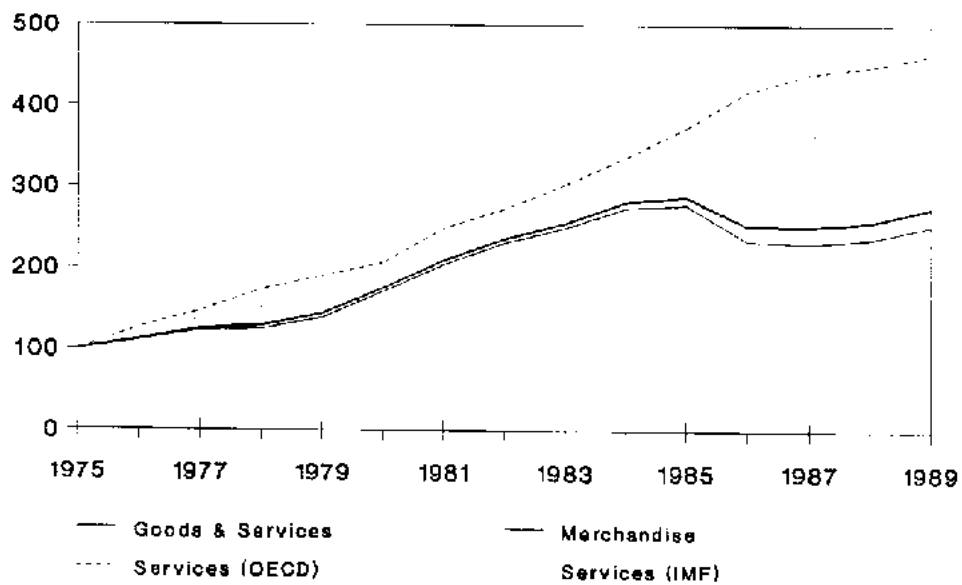
Price Indices: CANADA Imports (1975=100)



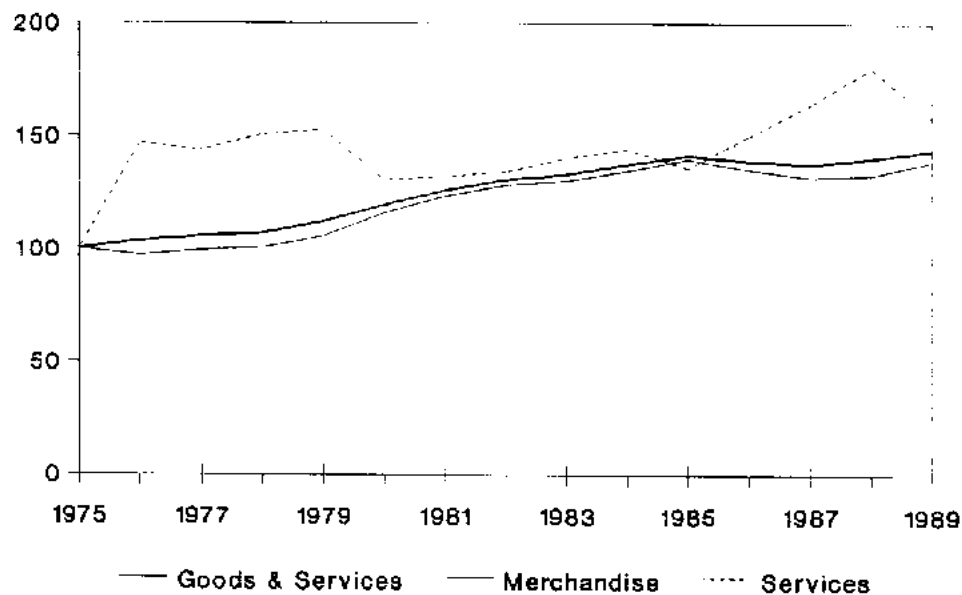
Price Indices: FRANCE Exports (1975=100)



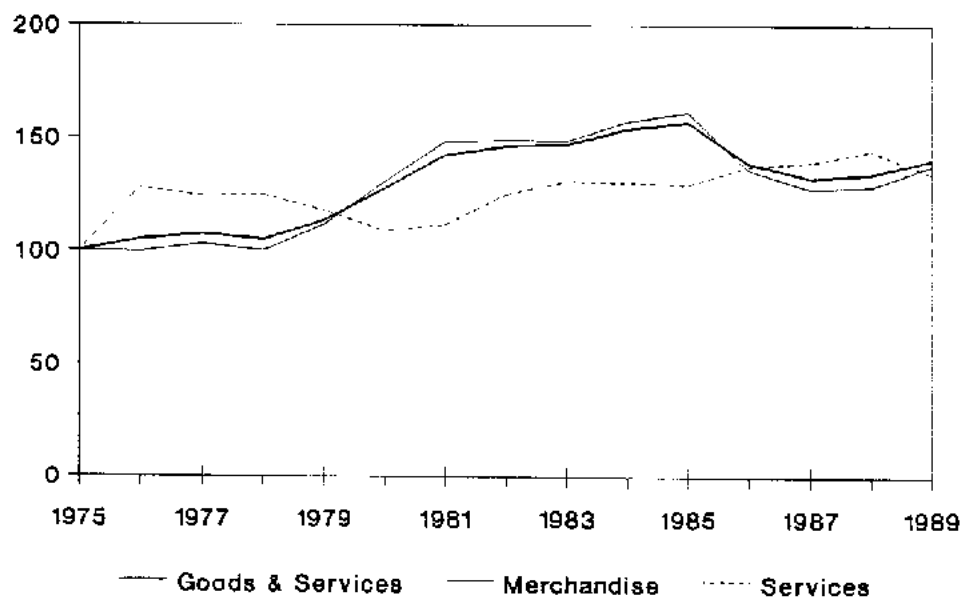
Price Indices: FRANCE Imports (1975=100)



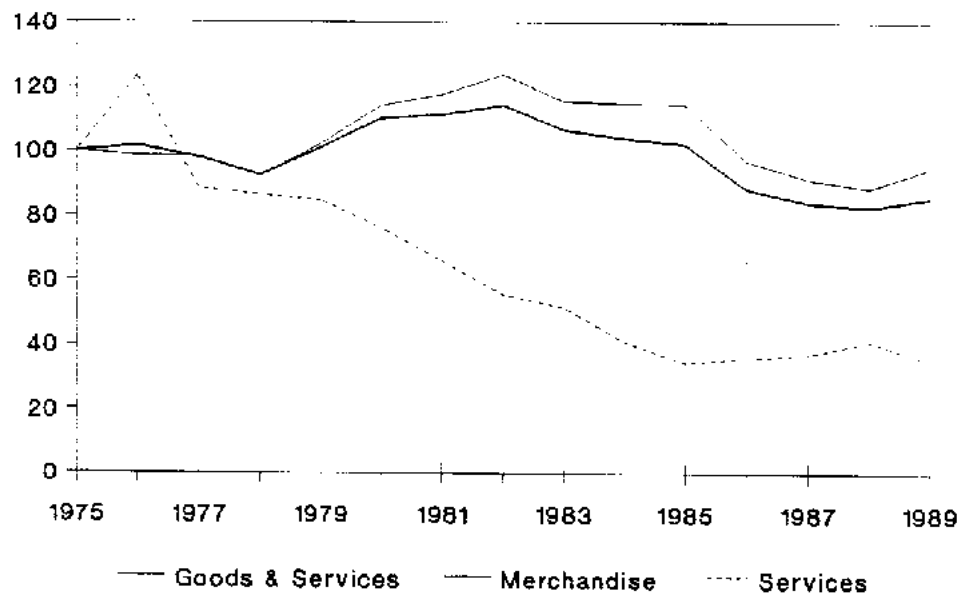
Price Indices: GERMANY Exports (1975=100)



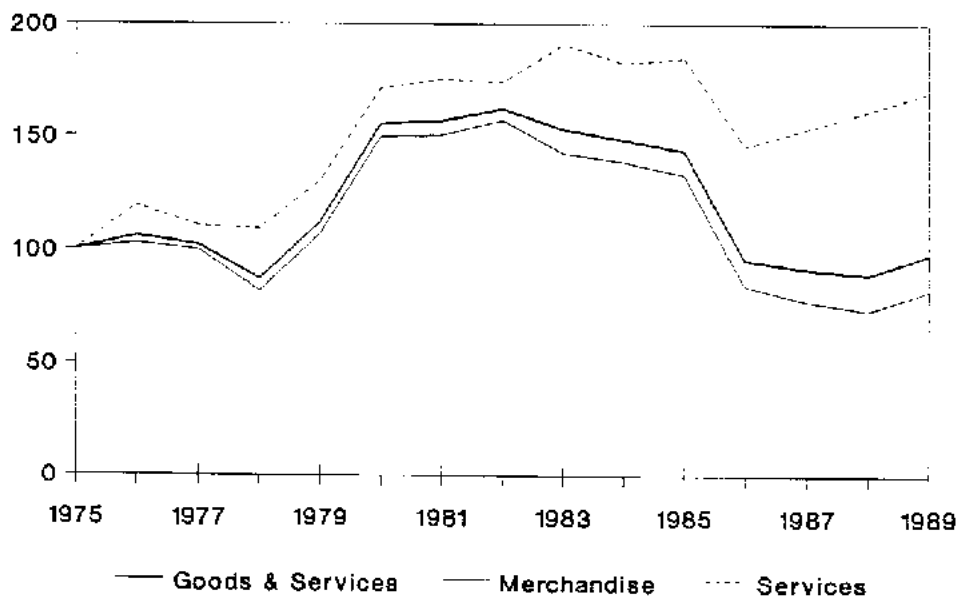
Price Indices: GERMANY Imports (1975=100)



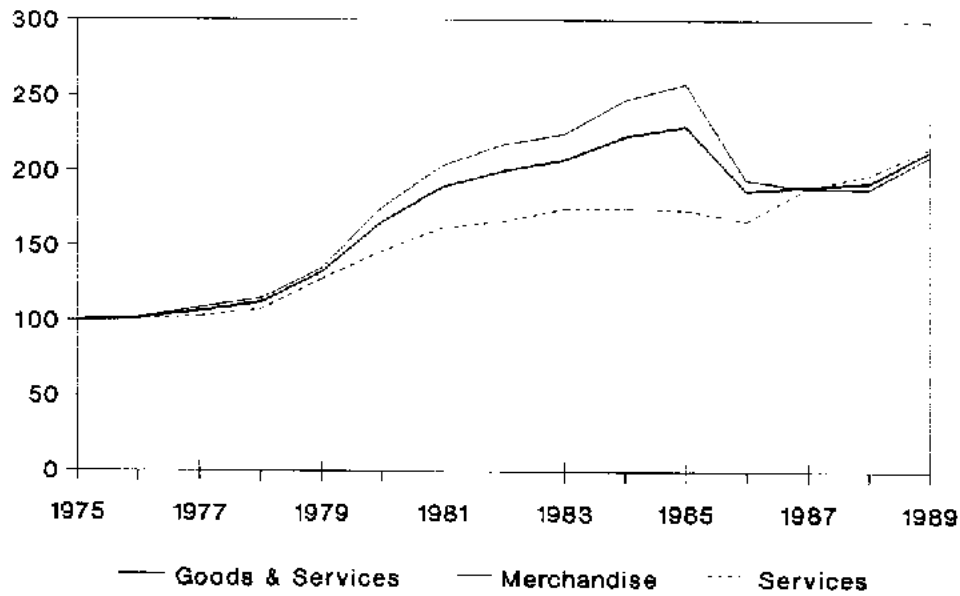
Price Indices: JAPAN
Exports (1975=100)



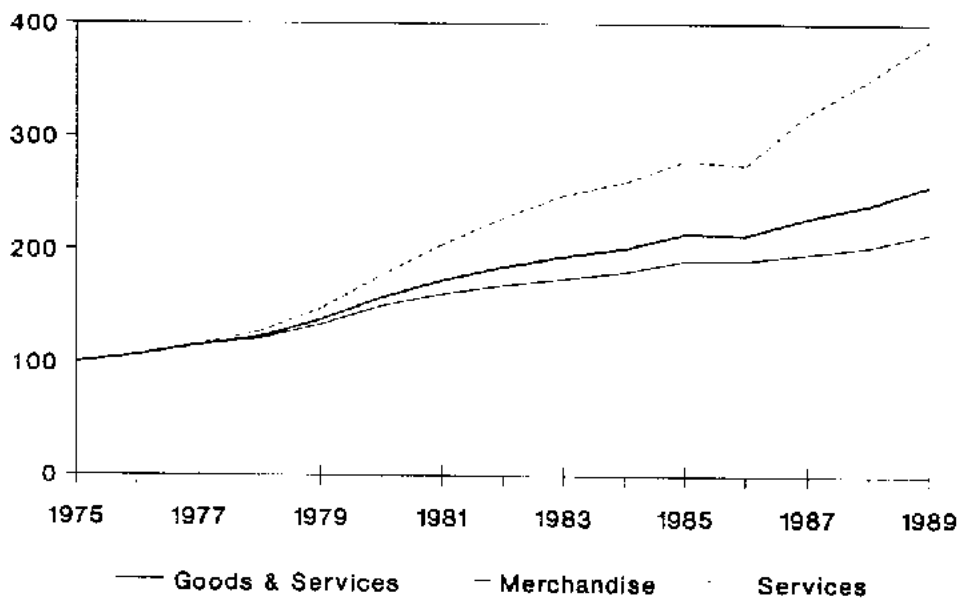
Price Indices: JAPAN
Imports (1975=100)



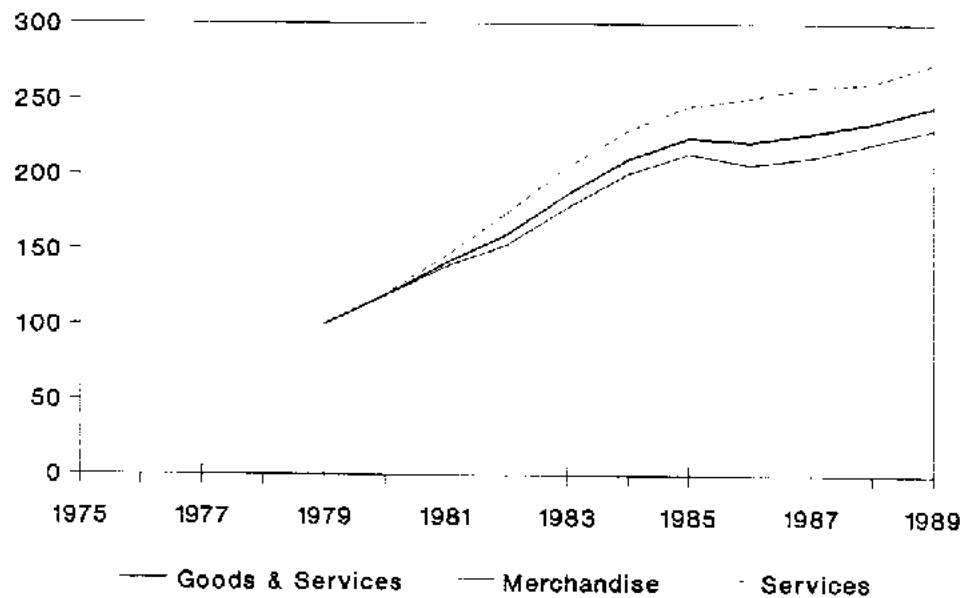
Price Indices: NORWAY
Exports (1975=100)



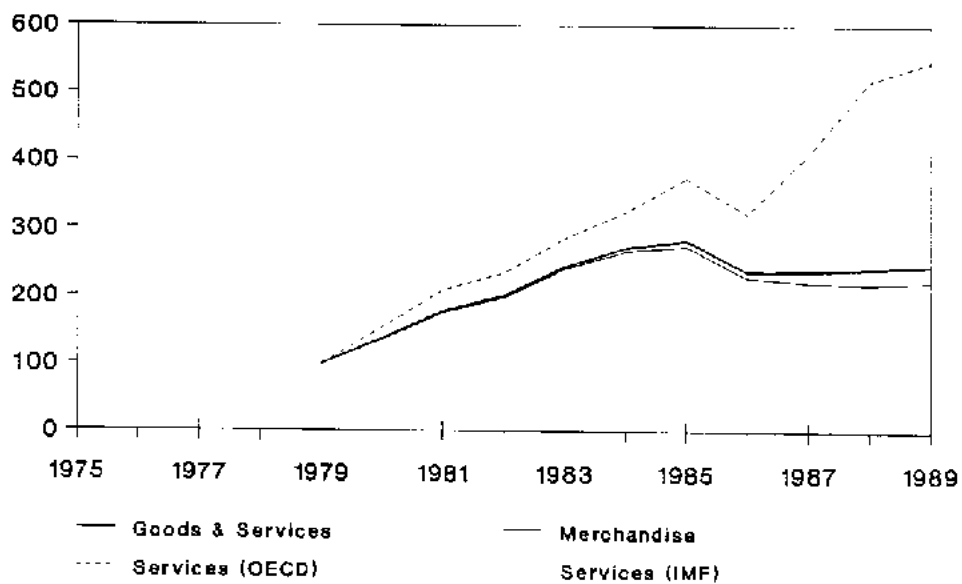
Price Indices: NORWAY
Imports (1975=100)



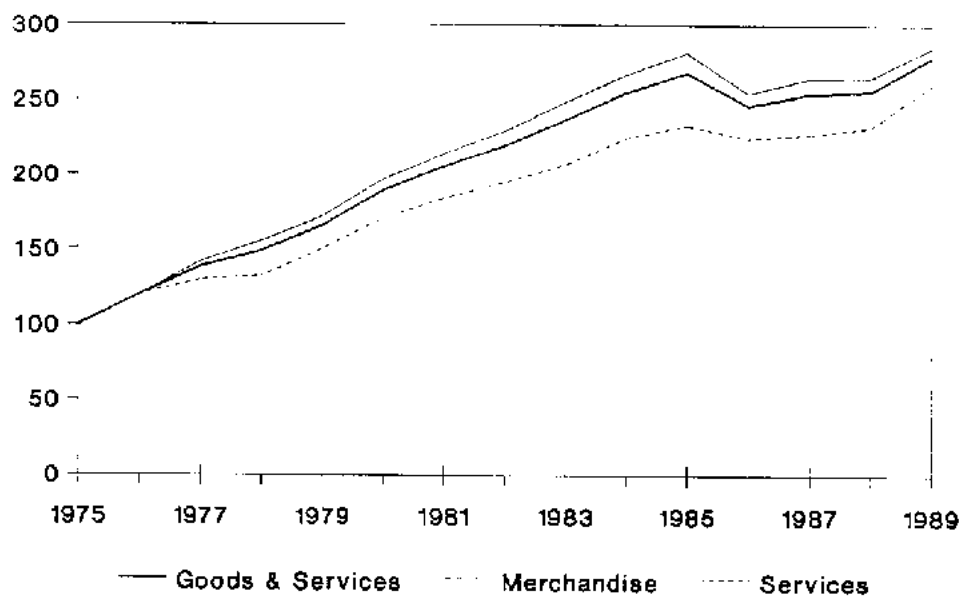
Price Indices: SPAIN
Exports (1979=100)



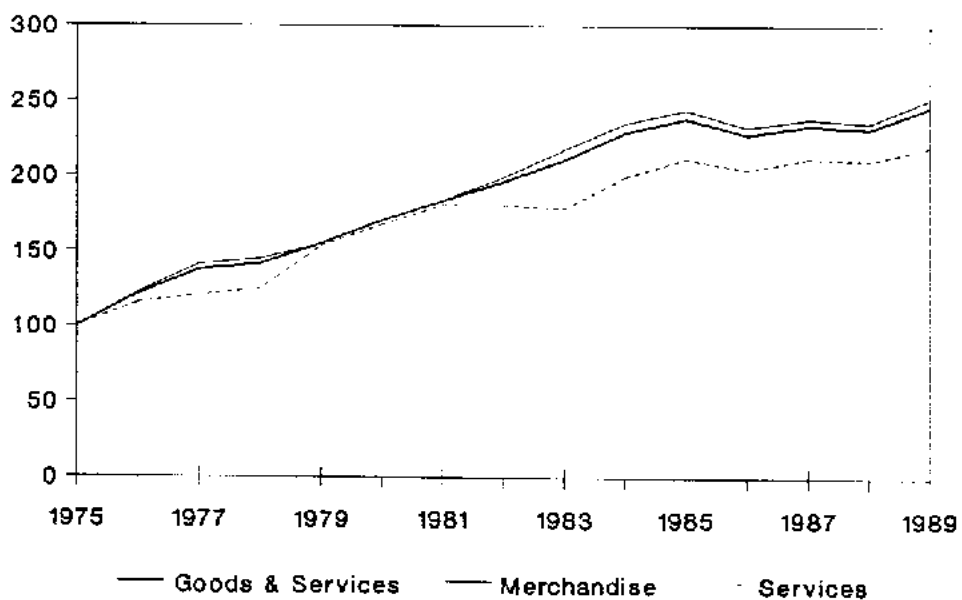
Price Indices: SPAIN
Imports (1979=100)



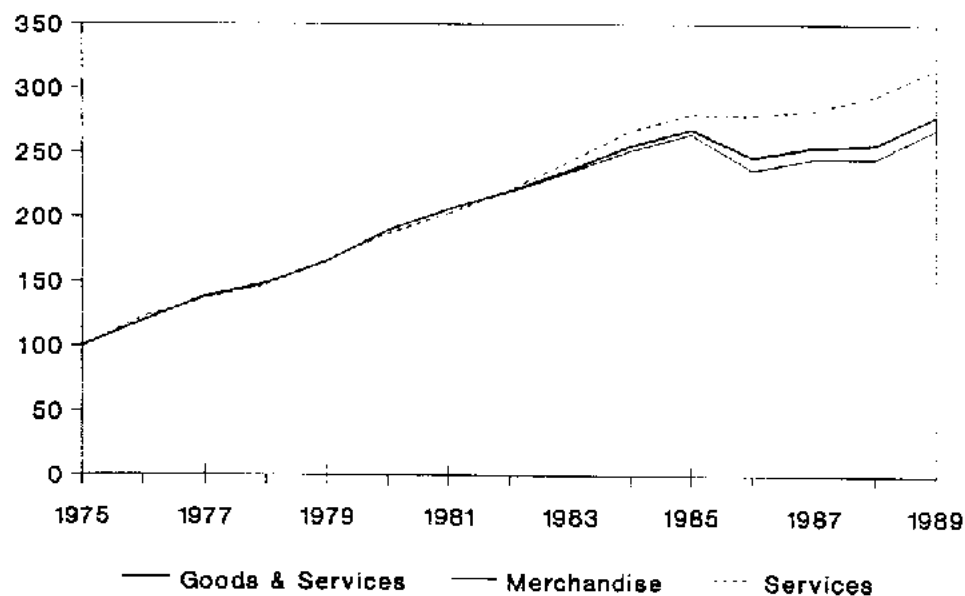
Price Indices: UNITED KINGDOM Exports (1975=100)



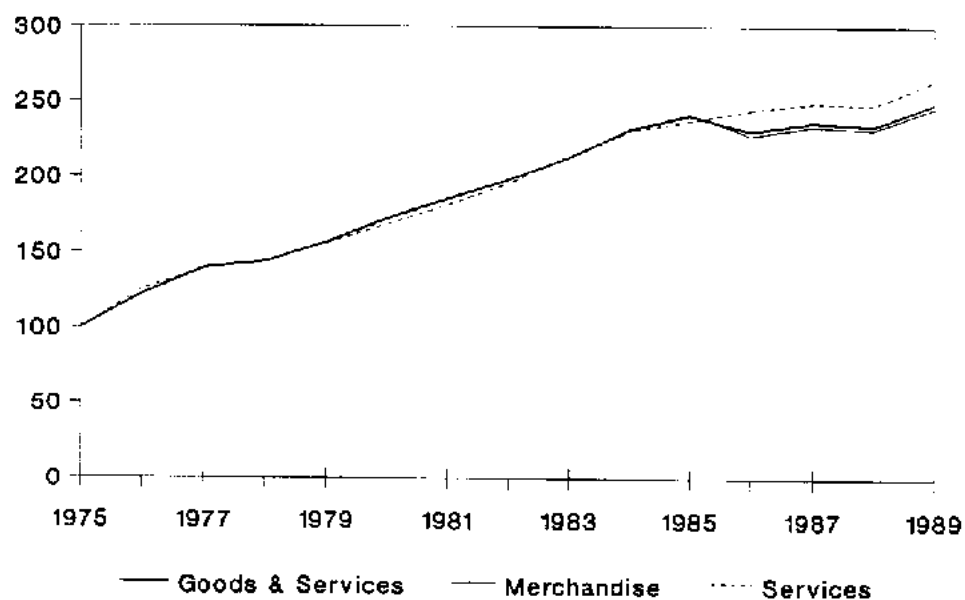
Price Indices: UNITED KINGDOM Imports (1975=100)



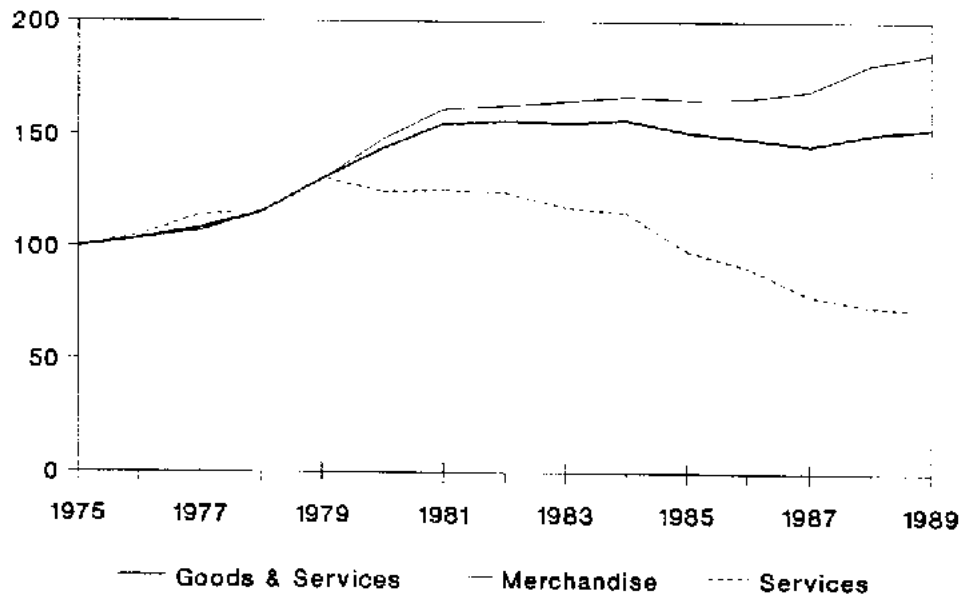
Price Indices: UNITED KINGDOM (CSO data)
Exports (1975=100)



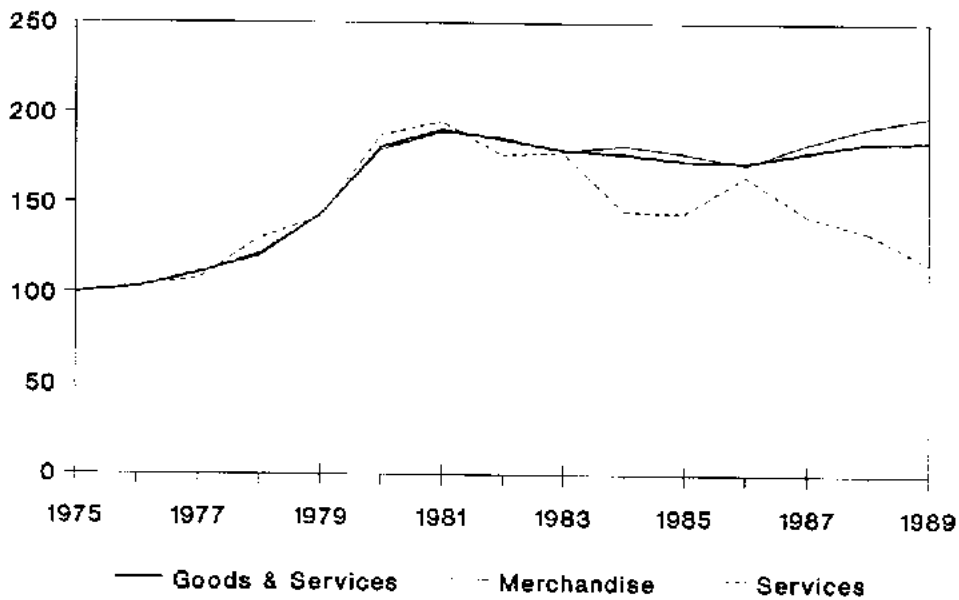
Price Indices: UNITED KINGDOM (CSO data)
Imports (1975=100)



Price Indices: UNITED STATES
Exports (1975=100)



Price Indices: UNITED STATES
Imports (1975=100)



ANNEX IV

PROPOSED JOINT OECD-EUROSTAT CLASSIFICATION

GATI SERVICES CLASSIFICATION LIST

1. Transportation	71 through 74-747	...	Transport services
1.1 Sea transport	721+745**	...	Maritime transport services
1.1.1 Passenger transportation	7211	7211	
1.1.2 Freight transportation	7212	7212	
1.1.3 Rental of sea-going vessels with crew	7213	7213	
1.1.4 Supporting and other services	7214+745**	7214 745**	Pushing and towing services Supporting services for maritime transport
	...	8868**	Maintenance and repair of vessels
1.2 Air transport	73-733+746	...	Air transport services
1.2.1 Passenger transportation	731	731	
1.2.2 Freight transportation	732	732	
1.2.3 Rental of aircraft with crew	734	734	
1.2.4 Supporting services	746	746	
	...	8868**	Maintenance and repair of aircraft
1.3 Space transport	733	733	
1.4 Rail transport	711-743	...	Rail transport services
1.4.1 Passenger transportation	7111	7111	
1.4.2 Freight transportation	7112	7112	
1.4.3 Supporting and other services	7113+743	7113 743	Pushing and towing services Supporting services for rail transport services
	...	8868**	Maintenance and repair of rail transport equipment
1.5 Other land transport	712+744	...	Road transport services
1.5.1 Passenger transportation	7121+7122	7121+7122	
1.5.2 Freight transportation	7123	7123	
1.5.3. Rental of commercial vehicles with operator	7124	7124	
1.5.4 Supporting and other services	744	744	
	...	6112+8867	Maintenance and repair of road transport equipment
1.6 Internal waterways transport	722+745**	...	
1.6.1 Passenger transportation	7221	7221	
1.6.2 Freight transportation	7222	7222	
1.6.3 Rental of vessels with crew	7223	7223	
1.6.4 Supporting and other services	7224+745**	7224 745**	Pushing and towing services Supporting services for internal waterway transport
	...	8868**	Maintenance and repair of vessels
1.7 Pipeline transport	713	...	
		7131	Transportation of fuels
		7139	Transportation of other goods

1.8 Supporting and auxiliary transport services	741+742+747+748+749 ...		Services auxiliary to all modes of transport
		741	Cargo-handling services
		742	Storage and warehouse services
		748	Freight transport agency services
		749	Other
		...	(747 included with tourism and travel related services)
2. Travel	...	...	...
2.1 Business travel	...	...	...
2.2 Private travel	...	...	...
Memorandum item: tourists	...	...	...
		...	... Tourism and travel related services
	...	641 to 643	Hotels and restaurants
	...	7471	Travel agencies and tour operators services
	...	7472	Tourist guides services
	...	...	Other
3. COMMUNICATIONS	75	...	Communication services
3.1 Postal and courier services	751	...	
3.1.1 Postal service	7511	7511	
3.1.2 Courier services	7512	7512	
3.2 Telecommunication services	752	...	
		7521	Voice telephone services
		7523**	Packet-switched data transmission services
		7523**	Circuit-switched data transmission services
		7523**	Telex services
		7522	Telegraph services
		7521***+7529**	Facsimile services
		7522***+7523**	Private leased circuit services
		7523**	Electronic mail
		7523**	Voice mail
		7523**	On-line information and data base retrieval
		7523**	Electronic data interchange (EDI)
		7523**	Enhanced/value-added facsimile services, incl. store and forward, store and retrieve
	...	...	Code and protocol conversion
		843**	On-line information and/or data processing, including transaction processing
		...	Other
4. INSURANCE SERVICES	812+814	...	
		812**+814	All insurance and insurance-related services
4.1 Life insurance and pension funding	8121	8121	
4.2 Freight insurance	81293	...	
4.3 Other insurance	8129-81293	...	
		8129	Non-life insurance services
4.4 Reinsurance	...	...
		81299**	Reinsurance and retrocession
4.5 Auxiliary services	814	814	Services auxiliary to insurance

5. FINANCIAL SERVICES (other than insurance)	811+813	...	...	Banking and other financial services (excl. insurance)
5.1 Financial intermediation services	811	...		
5.1.1 Services of monetary intermediaries	8111	...	81115 to 81119	Acceptance of deposits and other repayable funds from the public
5.1.2 Financial leasing services	8112	8112		
5.1.3 Other	8113+8119	...	8113	Lending of all types
		81199**		Guarantees and commitments
		8119**+81323*		Asset management
5.2 Services auxiliary to financial intermediation	813	...	813-81323*	Other banking and financial services
6. CONSTRUCTION WORK	51	...		Construction and related engineering services
6.1 General Construction work for buildings	512	512		
6.2 General construction work for civil engineering	513	513		
6.3 Installation and assembly work	514+516	514+516		
6.4 Other	511+515+517+518	...	517	Building completion and finishing work
		511+515+518		Other
7. COMPUTER AND RELATED SERVICES	84+962	...		
7.1 Hardware consultancy services	841	841		
7.2 Software implementation	842	842		
7.3 Data processing	843	843		
7.4 Data base services	844	844		
7.5 New agencies	962	...		(962 included with new agency services)
7.6 Other	845+849	845+849		
8. OTHER BUSINESS SERVICES	...	...
		...		... Distribution services
8.1 Trade services: commission agents' services relating to goods	621	621		Commission agents' services
	...	622		Wholesale trade services
	...	631+632+6111+6113+6121		Retailing services
	...	8929		Franchising
	...	...		Other
8.2 Operational leasing or rental without operator	83	...		Rental/leasing services without operators
8.2.1 Relating to ships	83103	83103		
8.2.2 Relating to aircraft	83104	83104		
8.2.3 Relating to other transport equipment	83101+83102+83105	83101+83102+83105		
8.2.4 Relating to other goods	...	83106 to 83109		Relating to other machinery and equipment
		832		Other
8.3 Research and development services	85	...		
		851		R&D services on natural sciences
		852		R&D services on social sciences and humanities
		853		Interdisciplinary R&D services
8.4 Legal services	861	861		

8.5 Accounting, auditing, bookkeeping and tax consultancy services	862+863	...	...
		862	Accounting, auditing and bookkeeping services
		863	Taxation services
8.6 Management consulting services	865+866	...	...
		865	Management consulting services
		866	Services related to management consulting
8.7 Architectural, engineering and other technical services	867	...	...
		8671	Architectural services
		8672	Engineering services
		8673	Integrated engineering services
		8674	Urban planning and landscape architectural services
		8675	Related scientific and technical consulting services
		8676	Technical testing and analysis services
8.8 Advertising, market research and public opinion polling	871+864	...	...
		871	Advertising services
		864	Market research and public opinion polling services
8.9 Agricultural, mining and manufacturing services	...	...	...
8.9.1 Agricultural services	881+882	...	...
		881	Services incidental to agriculture, hunting and forestry
		882	Services incidental to fishing
8.9.2 Mining services	883	...	...
	...	883+5115	Services incidental to mining
8.9.3 Manufacturing services	...	...	...
	...	884 88442+885	Services incidental to manufacturing
...	...	887	Services incidental to energy distribution
8.10 Other	82+87-871	...	...
		821	Real estate services involving own or leased property
		822	Real estate services on a fee or contract basis
		872	Placement and supply services of Personnel
		873	Investigation and security
		874	Building-cleaning services
		875	Photographic services
		876	Packaging services
		87909*	Convention services
		8790	Other
9.1 Educational services	92	...	...
		921	Primary education services
		922	Secondary education services
		923	Higher education services
		924	Adult education
		929	Other education services

2 Health services	931-932	...	Health related and social services
		9311	Hospital services
		9312	Medical and dental services
		93191	Services provided by midwives, nurses, physiotherapists and para-medical personnel
		9319-93191	Other human health services
		932	Veterinary services
	...	933	Social services
	...	...	Other health related and social services
<hr/>			
3 Motion pictures, radio and television services	961-9619	...	Audiovisual services
		9611	Motion picture and video tape production and distribution service
		9612	Motion picture projection service
		9613	Radio and television services
	...	7524	Radio and television transmission services
	...	...	Sound recording
	...	...	Other audiovisual services
<hr/>			
4 Other recreational, cultural and sporting services	96-(961-9619)-962	...	Recreational, cultural & sporting services
		...	
	...	9619	Entertainment services
	...	962	News agency services
		963	Libraries, archives, museums and other cultural services
		964	Sporting and other recreational services
	...	...	Other
<hr/>			
5 Other	97	...	Other services not included elsewhere
	...	95+97+98+99	
<hr/>			
SECTORS NOT REPORTED IN JOINT OECD-EUROSTAT PROPOSAL			
		633+8861 to 8866	Maintenance and repair of equipment
		88442	Printing, Publishing
		9401	Sewage services
		9402	Refuse disposal services
		9403	Sanitation and similar services

te: The Item description of GATT services is given only when it differs from, or where there is no corresponding item in the Joint Classification.

e (*) indicates that the service specified is a component of a more aggregated CPC item specified elsewhere in this classification list.

e (**) indicates that the service specified constitutes only a part of the total range of activities covered by the CPC concordance (e.g. voice mail is only a component of CPC item 7523).

e (...) indicates that either the CPC code is not indicated or a CPC item is not included.